제 3 교시

# 영어 영역

# 18. 다음 글의 목적으로 적절한 것은?

Well-designed parking areas are as much about people as they are about vehicles. Getting pedestrians to and from their vehicles safely is a paramount concern in any parking area. Best is a hierarchy of pedestrian routes that provide walks from the parking space to larger central walkways, which are separate from the vehicular circulation. Wherever the larger central walkways intersect with vehicular circulation routes, adequate traffic control devices should be provided to ensure a safe pedestrian crossing. In addition to signage and pavement markings, this can include the use of barriers that signify to both pedestrians and drivers that caution should be exercised. Pedestrian walks within the parking area should be carefully designed to encourage people to use these designated routes.

- ① 차도 무단횡단 보행자들에 대한 조치를 촉구하려고
- ② 지정된 공간에 주차를 요구하려고
- ③ 주차장 보행자 안전을 위한 조치를 촉구하려고
- ④ 주차장 공사로 인한 보행자들의 불편에 사과하려고
- ⑤ 주차장 부실 공사의 책임을 추궁하려고

19. 다음 글에서 주인공의 심경 변화로 적절한 것은?

Cecil John Rhodes was a stickler for correct dress and behavior, but not at the expense of someone else's feelings. A young man invited to eat dinner with him in Kimberley arrived by train and had to go directly to Rhodes's house in his travel-stained clothes. Here he was very shocked and upset to find the other guests already assembled, wearing full evening dress. Feeling very uncomfortable, he waited with the rest of the company for their host to appear. After what seemed a long time, Rhodes finally appeared, in a shabby old blue suit. The young man later learned that when he arrived Rhodes had been dressed in evening clothes and was about to welcome his guests. Told of the traveler's dilemma, Rhodes had at once returned to his room and put on an old suit. \*stickler 엄격한 사람

- ① bewildered  $\rightarrow$  grateful
- → enraged ② elated
- ③ relieved → irritated
- 4 composed → respectful
- ⑤ embarrassed → disgraceful

## 20. 다음 글의 요지를 잘 표현한 것은?

A lot of popular writing on traditional diets implies that the foods that go into them have been carefully chosen over the years to promote good health. That's not the whole story. People eat what they can grow, gather, kill, or buy, and their choices are affected by weather, soil, economics, and even politics. Given these restrictions, various cultures have developed many different combinations of healthy foods. Keep in mind, however, that virtually all of these choices were for short-term health, not for living a full life into old age. Also keep in mind that diets that seem to be good for people whose days are full of hard physical labor aren't necessarily good for people who slave at a desk all day.

- ① 전통적인 건강식품은 역사적으로 검증된 것들이다.
- ② 전통적인 식품들은 자연의 영향을 심하게 받았다.
- ③ 전통적인 건강식품이 현대의 식품보다 우월하다.
- ④ 전통적 건강식품이 현대인에게는 맞지 않을 수도 있다.
- ⑤ 전통적 건강식품이 육체적 노동자에게는 더 좋다.

# 21. 다음 글의 주제로 적절한 것은?

Has your creativity ground to a halt? Instead of letting frustration get the better of you, try to sit back and take a few deep breaths. Did you know that drawing a deep breath gives your creativity a boost by increasing the negative ions in oxygen? The negatively charged oxygen circulates throughout the brain, refreshing the neurons and, because these negative ions promote alpha waves of longer amplitude in the brain, which are associated with creative thinking, suddenly your creativity receives a boost. So, next time your creative spirit feels burdened, spend two minutes taking deep breaths, breathing in and out every five seconds, and repeat the cycle at least 12 times. \* boost 활력 \* amplitude 진폭

- ① shallow breathing for creativity
- 2 deep breathing for blood circulation
- 3 negative ions for brain health
- 4 deep respiration as brain booster
- 5 deep breath as a frustration trigger

## 22. 다음 글의 제목으로 적절한 것은?

Although most children acquire some ability to manufacture facial expressions they don't feel, not everyone does this equally well or believes it to be a good thing. Some children, for example, do not suppress anger with a smile. These children tend to be the ones who more generally have behavior problems. Investigators have found that unpopular children are more likely to frown and grimace when they lose at a game and less likely to contain their smiling when they win at a game than popular children. They will probably vent their "real" feelings and are less likely to suppress these for the sake of others' feelings. Showing off a win with an expansive grin is not likely to endear you to others. Socially competent children recognize that there are times when hiding or disguising emotions is what friends do.

- ① Children's unnatural emotional expressions
- 2 Concealment of feeling as early friendship supplement
- 3 Children's inclination to suppressing their
- 4 Disadvantages of covering emotions in children's socialization
- 5 Negative effects of suppressing children's emotional expression

# 23. 다음 글의 제목으로 적절한 것은?

The United States was founded on a spirit of dominion over nature. "My family, I believe, have cut down more trees in America than any other name!" boasted John Adams. Benjamin Lincoln, a Revolutionary War general, spoke for most Americans of his day when he observed in 1792, "Civilization directs us to remove as fast as possible that natural growth from the lands." The Adams-Lincoln mode of thought did make possible America's rapid expansion to the Pacific, the Chicago school of architecture, and Henry Ford's assembly line. Our growing environmental awareness casts a colder light on these accomplishments, however. Since 1950 more than 25 percent of the remaining forests on the planet have been cut down. Recognizing that trees are the lungs of the planet, few people still think that this represents progress. \* dominion 지배

- 1 The nature and spirit of American expansionism
- 2 American civilization and its splendid accomplishments
- 3 Importance of trees and forests in American progress
- 4 Altered American concept of progress regarding nature
- 5 Domination over nature as a symbol of American civilization

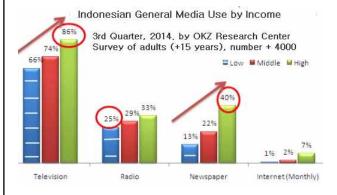
# 24. 다음 글의 내용과 일치 하는 것은?

Parrots (also mynas, crows, etc.) are famous for their ability to imitate different sounds that they hear. Most scientists think that parrots are no more intelligent than other birds and don't know the meaning of their own words. Unlike us humans, parrots don't have vocal Instead, they learn to control the movement of muscles in the throat so as to reproduce certain tones and sounds. Some scientists think that parrots can 'talk' because of the structure of their tongues, which are thick and large. However, myna birds can imitate human sounds and they don't have large, thick tongues. Other people theorize that parrots' voice mechanisms and hearing work more slowly than other birds and that the sounds made by humans closely resemble the sounds made naturally by parrots.

\* myna 구관조

- ① 앵무새는 지능이 높고 소리의 의미를 안다
- ② 앵무새는 사람처럼 성대는 있지만 근육 통제를 못한다.
- ③ 앵무새의 얇고 큰 혀의 구조가 말을 할 수 있게 해준다.
- ④ 구관조 혀는 얇고 작지만 인간의 소리를 모방한다.
- ⑤ 앵무새의 발성 및 청각은 다른 새들보다 빨리 작동 한다

# 25. 다음 도표에 대한 설명으로 일치하지 않은 것은?



The graph above shows Indonesian general media use by income levels. ① The survey was done by OKZ Research Center form July September last year. 2 The most influential  $media \ is \ TV \ and \ the \ least \ is \ Internet \ regardless$ of income level. 3 In terms of income gap, radio shows relatively even change and keeps the  $2^{\rm nd}$ position. 4 The biggest gap is in newspaper and the number of rich readers is 4 times larger than that of poor readers. ⑤ The graph indicates that the lower incomes people earn, the less they read and the more they watch and

26. 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.



Nobel Prize Dialogue was held on 1 March, 2015. For all lectures, discussions of this event, please see the video following this.

Event Summary

- Event Title: Nobel Prize Dialogue Seoul 2015
- Date: 1 March 2015 (10:00-17:30)
- Venue: SKYEDU Headquarters, Forum Hall B5 B7
- Theme: The Genetic Revolution & Its Future Impact
- English (English-Korean Language: simultaneous interpretation will be provided)

On 1 March 2015, the first Nobel Prize Dialogue outside Sweden will be held in Seoul. This whole-day conference is an exciting opportunity to interact with Nobel Laureates. and discuss how advances in genetics have influenced science and society.

The conference is free and open to anyone interested in participating in a dialogue with Nobel Laureates, prominent scientists, key policy makers and opinion leaders.

- ① 강연과 토론 내용이 영상으로도 제공된다.
- ② SKYEDU 본사 건물 토론장에서 삼일절 날 개최된다.
- ③ 한국어를 영어로 시간차 통역서비스가 제공된다.
- ④ 노벨상 본국이 아닌 외국에서의 행사로는 처음이다.
- ⑤ 참관은 누구나 무료고 여러 분야의 참석자들이 나온다.

27. SkyOkz Band 관련 아래 내용과 <u>일치하는 것</u>은? SkyOkz Band's Quarterly Young Artist Competition For students who play band instruments

Winners will perform their pieces at the SkyOkz Band's Autumn Concert, which will be on a Saturday afternoon in November, 2015.

- \$500 for the winning soloist
- \$250 for the winning ensemble (of 2 to 5

Applications are due: October 1, 2015 Competition Date: October 25, 2015

The SkyOkz Band offers this opportunity to students from the surrounding cities, including Incheon, Bundang, Suwon and suburban counties. Cell Phone or email for further information: kiljoon Oh 010-8529-0952 okzone62@naver.com

# www.skyedu.com

- ① 1년에 2회 열리는 경연대회이다.
- ② 개인보다는 단체를 더 중시하는 경연이다.
- ③ 응시에서 경연까지는 2주 정도의 여유가 있다
- ④ 교외 읍면을 포함한 인근 도시 학생들엑 자격이 있다.
- ⑤ 휴대폰과 이메일로만 추가 정보 문의가 가능하다.

28. 다음 밑줄 부분 중 어법상 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점] As the weather begins to get nicer and more and more residents are walking or jogging in town, we are taking this opportunity to remind you ①of that it is illegal to walk or jog in the street when a sidewalk is available on a road. The state law requires that a pedestrian may not walk along or on an adjacent roadway where a sidewalk is provided. The Cheverly 2<u>have</u> been receiving numerous complaints from residents 3 fearing that they are going to hit a pedestrian as a result of those individuals @not walking on the sidewalk. We want all our pedestrians and motorists to be safe. So, please use the sidewalks. Not honoring the above noted law will result in a fine 5being issued. [3점]

29. 다음 글에서 지시하는 대상이 다른 것은?

Not all writers acknowledge their co-authors in their books. Sarah Plain's Going Rogue : An American Life is a case in point. Nowhere on her title page or copyright page is there a suggestion that ①anyone but Plain wrote her story. But with today's technological networking, it became widely known that 2 Lynn Vincent helped her with the story. This is what is referred to as ghostwriting, since 3the co-author is not visible, and it raises some ethical questions. Is this plagiarism, suggesting that the writer is taking credit for work done by 4someone else? And if we cannot trust the authorship, can we trust the content? It also suggests a false image of 5the memoirist: that he or she is capable of writing a coherent book when, in fact, that may not be the case. \* ghostwriting 숨겨진 대필 plagiarism 표절

the memoirist 회고록 필자

30. 문맥 흐름상 어휘 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점] A common myth most of us intuitively accept is that there is a **①**negative correlation between intelligence and belief: as intelligence goes up belief in superstition or magic goes down. This, in fact, turns out not to be the case, especially as you move up the IQ spectrum. When people with above-average IQ encounter claims that they know little about (which is most claims for most of us), intelligence is usually not a factor in belief, with one ②exception: once people commit to a belief, the smarter they are the better they are at <u>3 rationalizing</u> those beliefs. smart people believe <u>@unreasonable</u> things because they are skilled at defending beliefs they arrived at for Sintelligent reasons. \* intuitively 직관적으로

31. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 것을 고르면?

Human beings have a deep capacity for isolationism, for splitting into groups that diverge from each other. In New Guinea, for instance, there are more than 800 languages, some spoken in areas just a few miles across yet as not understandable to those on either side as French and English. There are still 7,000 languages spoken on earth and the people who speak each one are remarkably resistant to borrowing words, traditions, rituals or tastes from their neighbors. Whereas vertical from their neighbors. transmission of cultural traits goes largely unnoticed, horizontal transmission is far more likely to be regarded with suspicion or even fierce anger, say the evolutionary biologists Mark Pagel and Ruth Mace. 'Cultures, it seems,

. People do their best to cut themselves off from the free flow of ideas, technologies and habits, limiting the impact of cultural exchange. \* diverge 갈라지다

- ① like to shoot messengers
- 2 choose to embrace messengers
- 3 flourish through cultural exchange
- 4 like to get rid of cross-cultural hostility
- ⑤ cast suspicious eyes on the vertical transmission

32. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 것을 고르면? [3점] Strong evidence from survey research consistently shows that heavy viewers of violence on television are more likely to engage in aggressive behavior than are light viewers. Moreover, viewers of violent television express more willingness to use violence to resolve real interpersonal conflicts. However, correlational studies simply say that television violence viewing is associated with holding favorable attitudes toward the use of violence and aggressive behavior. Such studies alone are not sufficient evidence that media violence causes aggression. Furthermore, correlational evidence It might be that people inclined to act violently are more likely to watch television violence, and so it is their predisposition toward violence that leads to viewing violent TV, and not the other way around.

- ① sheds light on the surveys mentioned above
- complies with the evidence of the cause-and-effect correlation
- 3 does not provide evidence of the direction of the causal relationship
- 4 is free from any contradictory argument
- ⑤ establishes its firm ground regarding the cause of violence

33. 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 적절한 것을 고르면? [3점] When we take the perspective of others, we try to grasp what something means to them and how they perceive things. This requires suspending judgment at least temporarily. We can't appreciate someone else's perspective when we're imposing our own evaluations of whether it is right or wrong, sensible or crazy. Instead, we have to let go of our own perspective and perceptions long enough to enter the world of another person. Doing this allows us to understand issues from another person's point of view, so that we can communicate more effectively with her or him. At a later point in interaction we may choose to express our own perspective or to disagree with another's views. This is appropriate and important in honest communication, but voicing our own views is

- ① not a worse alternative than zipping our lips
- 2 a means to communicate honestly without disagreement
- 3 a substitute in instilling our perspectives into others
- 4 not a substitute for the recognition of others' standpoints
- 5 not so bad response as blindly acknowledging others' viewpoints

34. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 연결어로 적절하게 짝지어진 것

As it turns out, the law of conservation of energy isn't completely accurate. Energy and matter are actually interchangeable. , energy can be created (made out of matter) and destroyed (turned into matter). As a result, the law of conservation of energy has been changed into the law of conservation of matter and energy. This law states that: the total amount of mass and energy in the universe is conserved (does not change). This is one of the most important laws you will ever learn. Nevertheless, in chemistry we are rarely concerned with converting matter into energy or \_\_\_\_\_\_B\_\_\_\_, chemists energy into matter. deal primarily with converting one form of matter into another form of matter (through chemical reactions) and converting one form of energy into another form of energy.

① In other words - Instead

② In addition - In the same fashion

③ On the opposite - Consequently 4 That is - In summary ⑤ For this reason - What's more

# 35. 다음 글의 흐름과 무관한 문장을 고르면?

Because people use the media out of habit and conformity, and for the comfort of spending time agreeably, they often come to them for reasons that have very little to do with their specific content. (  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Q}}$  ) Unless the breaking news is of great personal urgency, the morning paper is read in much the same fashion regardless of what is happening on a given day. (2) But the evening paper is read in different manner for the purpose of crucial information. (3) The level of newspaper reading is about the same in cities whose newspapers range from poor to excellent in quality. The car radio is tuned to a favorite station regardless of what tunes are being played. ( 4 ) A great deal of movie-going merely provides young audiences with an excuse for leaving the house or for being together with someone in the dark. ( ⑤ ) A couple checks to see what's at the movies because they want to go out that evening, or they might watch television at home because it is an effortless way of spending time.

\* conformity 순응

## 36. 주어진 문단에 이어질 순서로 적절한 것은?

It is said that a music student once approached Mozart and asked him for advice on what he should compose and how he should do it to create something really good.

- The point is that many have attempted to create great art, but only a very tiny percentage have become true masters.
- This young man got upset and told Mozart that he too was still young, and that since he had composed more serious music than duets, why shouldn't he? Mozart replied, "That is true, but I did not go around asking people what to compose. I knew what to do."
- (C) Mozart took a good look at him and said, You are still young. I think you should start with composing a duet."

② A-C-B ③ B-A-C ① A-B-C 4 B-C-A ⑤ C-B-A

# 37. 주어진 글에 이어질 순서로 적절한 것은?

Suppose you wish to determine which brand of microwave popcorn leaves the fewest unpopped kernels. You will need a supply of various brands of microwave popcorn to test, and you will need a microwave oven.

- In order to reasonably conclude that the (A) change in one variable was caused by the change in another specific variable, there must be no other variables in the experiment. By using the same microwave oven, you control the number of variables in the experiment.
- Under such circumstances, experimenter would be unable to conclude confidently whether the popcorn or the oven caused the difference. To eliminate this problem, you must use the same microwave oven for every test.
- (C) If you used different brands of microwave ovens with different brands of popcorn, the percentage of unpopped kernels could be caused by the different brands of popcorn or by the different brands of ovens.

\* kernel 낱알 ② A-C-B ③ B-A-C ① A-B-C 4 B-C-A ⑤ C-B-A

# 38. 다음 주어진 문장이 들어갈 위치는?

Wider roads and cheaper cars also allow people to move to cheaper places farther from major downtown economic areas.

If we are planning on reducing congestion on a busy roadway, the best possible thing to do is to simply widen the road. ( ① ) Surprisingly, though, the more one widens the road, the more congested the road becomes. This is because wider roads reduce barriers to driving. (2) This, in turn, increases the demand for cars. Increased demand for cars tends to increase competition among car-makers and drive down prices, leading to still more cars on the road. ( ③ ) Without regulations, car-makers are unlikely to invest in reducing emissions, even if their profits rise and technology advances. (4) This increases driving time and puts more cars on the road still. ( 5 ) People become more and more dependent on the car until it is strange not to own one. So, more infrastructure still is devoted to the car and more cars end up on the

39. 다음 주어진 문장이 들어갈 적절한 위치는? But, on the other hand, overly restrictive copyright laws may chill the writer's creative endeavors.

Copyright is the primary vehicle for protecting a writer's literary creations. ( ① ) Unless writers have the legal ability to prevent others from copying their work, it would be very difficult to hinder others from using the fruits of the writer's labor without compensation. (2) Fortunately, there are strong copyright laws that enable writers to prevent others from wrongfully appropriating their work. (3) Writers frequently use the works of others as the basis for research and literary development. sometimes to the extent of quoting portions of other works exactly. (  $\mbox{\em \textcircled{4}}$  ) From this perspective, unless the copyright law provides some flexibility, many writers could be inhibited for fear they may infringe on another work and be exposed to legal risk. ( ⑤ )

\* infringe on ~을 침해하다

40. 다음 글을 한 문장으로 요약할 때 빈칸에 알맞게 짝지 어진 것은? [3점]

There is a lot of exaggeration in the business press about the dangers of clinging to the past, and much of it is justified. But all the excitement about building better products and companies can make us forget that most new ideas are bad and most old ideas are good. After all, that is what Darwinism predicts. The death rate of new products and companies is dramatically higher than for old ones. Hundreds of new toys are introduced every year, yet most are flops. Even toys that are wildly popular for a while, fade from the scene, while Play-Doh persists. Most of the time, tried and true wins out over new and improved.

- "innovate, or die" "innovate, and die
- "persist, or live"
- 2 "persist, and die" "persist, or live" "renovate, or die" "renew, and live" "renew, and live" "persist, and die"

[41~42] 다음 글을 읽고, 답하시오. 3eslt2-19n

Kelly is driving to see her boyfriend. A memory comes to mind of an argument they had a few weeks ago. As she remembers the incident, she "plays it out again," almost as if it were happening right there in the car. She realizes that her boyfriend was being unnecessarily stubborn, maybe even a little mean. Doubt begins to creep into her mind. Within a matter of minutes she's a little angry, as she thinks to herself, "He'd better not do that again tonight." By the time she arrives at his apartment, she's feeling slightly distant; nothing horrible, but enough to make a difference in the way she feels about the evening and about her relationship.

We refer to this type of inner dialogue as a "thought attack" because, in a sense, that's what it really is — your own thoughts attacking you. We say it's tricky because, for the most part, you're even unaware that you're doing it. Thoughts like these happen so quickly, and so often, that most of us don't even realize what's happening. At times, like Kelly, most of us mistake a few negative thoughts for a serious problem in our relationship. Consequently, rather than dismissing the thoughts, we instead take our \_\_\_\_\_ on/to our partner as if he or she were the real problem. Often, our minds have a way of blowing things out of proportion.

# 41. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Boyfriends as problems to girls
- 2 Methods of alleviating anger at boyfriends
- 3 Importance of choosing right boyfriends
- 4 Necessity of speaking anger out as a remedy
- ⑤ Sufferings stemming form ones' negative attitude

# 42. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① well-grounded complaint
- 2 thoughtful reconciliation
- ③ self-created frustration
- 4 friendly response
- 5 lasting hospitality

[43~45] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오. (A)

Something horrible was happening to farm animals - one by one, they were falling dead in the middle of night. The cause of death: a long, shallow cut to the stomach causing slow and painful bleeding. Farmers were outraged and the community was shocked. They wanted to arrest (a) the criminal immediately.

Three years later, he was released. Two petitions protesting his innocence and citing a lack of evidence, were sent to the authorities concerned but were returned. He may have been free in person, but in name he was still guilty. But a famous author of detective novels. Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, had become interested in his case, and asked him to meet at a hotel. At the meeting, any doubt about (b)his innocence was dispelled.

(C)

Later he argued: 'He had arrived at the lobby, but I had been delayed intentionally and been observing his behavior. (c) I recognized he held a newspaper close his eyes and rather sideways, proving not only a high degree of mayopia, but marked astigmatism. The idea of such a man scouring farms at night and assaulting cattle was ridiculous.' There, in a single physical defect, lay the moral certainty of his innocence.'

(D)

The police thought they had their answer: Edalji, (d)the son of the local vicar. He was sentenced to 7 years of hard labor for one of the mutilations, that of a pony whose body had been found near the vicar's residence. Little did it matter that the vicar swore that his son was asleep at the time of crime. There was no clear evidence, and the killings continued even after (e)the young man's imprisonment.

\* mutilation 사지 절단

43. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 순서에 맞게 배열한 것은?

① B—D—C ② C—B—D

③ C—D—B ④ D—B—C

⑤ D—C—B

**44**. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중 대상이 나머지 넷과 <u>다른</u> 것은? ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d)

45. 윗글의 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① 농장의 동물들 살해로 마을 주민들이 공포감을 느낀다.
- ② 경찰은 몇 가지 증거를 근거로 혐의자를 체포했다.
- ③ 한 교구주의 아들이 혐의자로 기소돼 실형을 살았다.
- ④ 혐의자의 무죄를 주장하는 탄원이 거부당했다.
- ⑤ 탐정 소설가는 혐의자는 무죄라고 주장했다.

vicar 교구 주관자 mayopia 근시 astigmatism 난시