

2027학년도 대학수학능력시험
6월 모의평가 · 영어 영역

어휘

수능 영어의 정답, 김지훈 | @huni.ssam

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어휘	한글 뜻	시험장 실제 의미	영영 정의	예문 (문항 번호)
■ 18~20번				
impressed	감명받은	좋은 인상을 받은, 눈여겨본	feeling admiration as a result of perceiving something noteworthy	18 We recently saw a video of your baseball team and were especially impressed by your power hitting.
participant	참가자	대회에 직접 참여하는 선수	a person who takes part in an event or activity	18 You would be an excellent participant, and we know you would enjoy the experience.
blankly	멍하니	아무 생각 없이, 무표정하게	in a way that shows no feeling, understanding, or reaction	19 He checked his watch as the monorail departed and then blankly looked out the window.
marvelous	경이로운	감탄을 자아낼 만큼 놀라운	causing great wonder; extraordinarily impressive	19 He couldn't believe how marvelous nature could be and wondered what he would have missed if he hadn't come.
awareness	인식, 자각	원리를 이해하고 있는 상태	knowledge or understanding of a situation or subject	20 Instructors must raise participants' awareness of how these activities enhance their physical performance.
ownership	소유(권)	자기 발전에 대한 주체적 책임감	the state of being responsible for and in control of something	20 If participants understand the principles of these activities, it enables them to gradually take fuller ownership of their own development.

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■ 21~24번				
cognition	인지(작용)	동물의 사고·인지 능력	the mental process of acquiring knowledge through thought and experience	21 He and a colleague had been responsible in 1944 for discovering that bats navigate by echolocation.
echolocation	반향 정위	음파 반사로 위치를 파악하는 능력	the biological sonar system used by animals such as bats to locate objects	21 He and a colleague had been responsible in 1944 for discovering that bats navigate by echolocation.
hallmark	두드러진 특징	진정한 지능의 표지(表識)	a distinctive feature regarded as characteristic of something	21 They had flexible behavior, he said, or the ability to change their behavior as external circumstances changed, a hallmark of true intelligence.
attachment	애착	자동차 외관에 감정적으로 끌리는 현상	an emotional bond or connection with something	22 Car manufacturers know people form emotional attachments to automobile 'faces' and use the fact to guide their design and marketing efforts.
anthropologist	인류학자	인간 행동 전문가로서 자동차 디자인에 활용	a specialist who studies human societies, cultures, and their development	22 designers are focusing on faces as part of a broader effort to design cars that appeal to buyers – tapping psychologists, anthropologists and other experts in human behavior
ownership	소유(권)	자기 발전에 대한 주체적 책임감	the state of being responsible for and in control of something	20 If participants understand the principles of these activities, it enables them to gradually take fuller ownership of their own development.

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hypothesize	가설을 세우다	~이라는 주장을 제기하다	to put forward as a hypothesis; to suggest as an explanation not yet proven	22 The article hypothesized that these faces help drivers feel safer in heavier traffic amidst more oversized SUVs.
streamline	간소화하다	의사결정 과정을 단순·효율적으로 만들다	to make something more efficient by simplifying or eliminating unnecessary steps	23 Further, decision making must be streamlined in small species because their high metabolic rates and minimal energy reserves offer few choices in food-searching activities.
premium	할증금, 웃돈	'put a premium on'= ~을 특히 중시하다	a value placed on something that makes it particularly desirable; high importance assigned to something	23 Being short-lived puts a premium on the effectiveness of preprogrammed behavior patterns that require little in the way of environmental fine-tuning.
fragmented	분열된, 파편화된	업체들이 따로따로 운영되던 상태	broken into separate, disconnected parts with no unified structure	24 Before the 1950s, tourism was very much an industry which was fragmented; hotels, transport operators, travel agents, and tour operators all tended to work independently of each other.
integral	불가결한, 핵심적인	더 넓은 필요의 핵심 구성요소	necessary and important as a part of a whole	24 Transport operators, particularly in the airline business, saw the sale of transport services as being integral to a much wider need.

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■ 25~28번				
foundational	기초적인, 토대가 되는	해당 학문 분야의 초석이 된	serving as a base or foundation; of fundamental importance	26 This article was foundational in the study of language and communication.
■ 29~30번 (어법·어휘)				
elaborate	정교한, 복잡한	더 복잡하고 몸에 꼭 맞는 스타일	involving many carefully arranged parts; detailed and complicated	29 fashion began moving toward styles what were more elaborate and form-fitting.
enacted	(법을) 제정하다	법률로 만들어 시행하다	to make (a bill or other proposal) into law	29 The connection between clothing and social status was so pronounced that laws were enacted to limit the wearing of certain luxury items.
pronounced	뚜렷한, 현저한	분명히 드러나는	very noticeable; strongly marked	29 The connection between clothing and social status was so pronounced that laws were enacted to limit the wearing of certain luxury items.
archaic	고어(古語)의, 고대의	현대에는 쓰이지 않는 옛날 표현	very old or old-fashioned, especially of a word or style of language no longer in everyday use	30 The reader must be mindful not to let the poetic form or archaic word usage get in the way of getting meaningful information about the story.

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nuance	취양스, 미묘한 차이	텍스트의 미묘한 의미 차이	a subtle difference in meaning, feeling, or tone	30 Scripts with complex language or unfamiliar styles may require several additional readings in order for the nuance to become clear.
libretto	대본(오페라·뮤지컬의)	뮤지컬에서 음악 제거 후 남는 대사 부분	the text of an opera or other long vocal work	30 when the music and lyrics are removed from a musical theater script, what is left is the dialogue, known as the book or libretto, and it can be very thick.

■ 31~35번 (빈칸·무관문장)

contemplation	주시, 면밀한 관찰	연구·전시를 위해 관찰하는 목적	the action of looking at something or thinking about it carefully	31 their meaning is to maintain an object or system insofar as possible in its present state, to protect it from change, usually for contemplation, research, display, and perhaps for use.
restorative	복원하는	원래 상태로 되돌리는 측면을 강조	having the ability to restore something to its former condition	31 Conservationists who distinguish their activities from preservation emphasize conservation's restorative aspects –restoring a historical musical instrument, for example, or a painting, or a dinosaur, or an ecosystem.

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prolong	연장하다	특정 상태를 더 오래 유지하다	to extend the duration of something	31 Conservationists acknowledge change but try to manage it in order to prolong a(n) desired state.
wavelength	파장	'on the same wavelength' = 서로 뜻이 통하는	used figuratively to mean thinking in a similar way; mutual understanding	32 A question as simple as "Do your nods indicate a yes vote?" can make sure that everyone is on the same wavelength.
convey	전달하다	말이 아닌 비언어적 방식으로 의미를 전하다	to communicate or express something	32 If, as nonverbal research indicates, more than half of a speaker's meaning is conveyed nonverbally, we are missing a lot of important information if we fail to "listen" to nonverbal behavior.
betray	배신하다 / 드러내다	의도치 않게 속마음을 드러내다	to unintentionally reveal something hidden; to give away a secret	32 betrayal oozes out of him at every pore.
disposition	성향, 기질	감정이 지각 방식을 기울게 하는 성향	a tendency or inclination toward a particular behavior or condition	33 A coward's perceptual disposition is affected by his disposition to experience fear.
misidentification	오인, 잘못된 동일시	지각 대상을 다른 것으로 착각하는 것	the act of incorrectly identifying someone or something	33 a small similarity between a perceived object and the thing one expects to see can lead to the misidentification of the perceived object as that thing.

consensus	합의, 중론	현재 시점의 예술적 평가에 대한 공동 인식	a general agreement among a group of people	34 the merit of the chosen painting or sculpture has – at best –only the validation of a present-day consensus.
affirm	단언하다, 확인하다	수집가가 자신의 판단에 대해 용기 있게 선언하다	to state or assert positively; to confirm or ratify	34 Through it he courageously affirms not only his aesthetic judgment, from whatever source it be derived, but the conviction that...
innocuous	무해한	비교적 해가 없는 (사고)	not harmful or offensive	35 The bigger someone is, the more damage they can do to themselves through even a relatively innocuous accident.
nonlinear	비선형적인	질량과 뼈 강도 간에 단순 비례가 아님	not following a straight or sequential progression; having a disproportionate relationship	35 The nonlinear relationship between mass and bone strength means that although their bones are thicker than a toddler's in absolute terms, they may not be relatively thick enough to compensate for the larger impact caused by their increased mass.

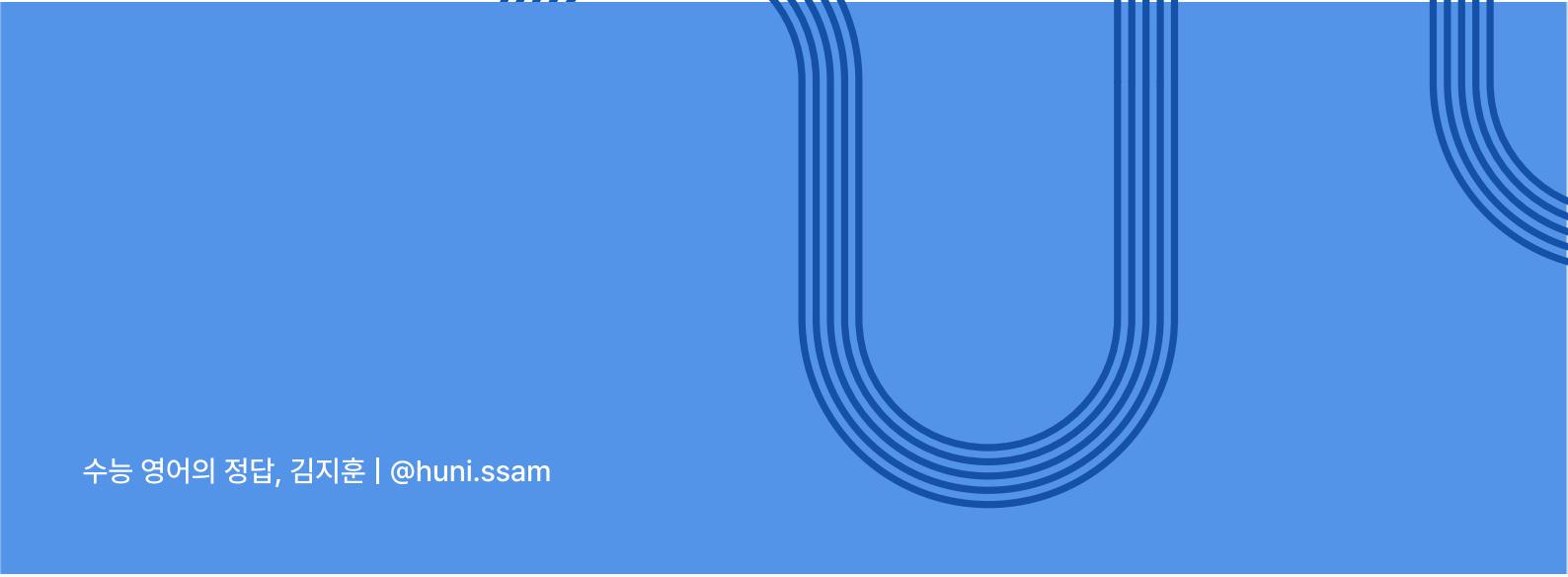
■ 36~40번 (순서·삽입·요약)

intoxicate	중독시키다, 취하게 하다	식물이 화합물로 곤충을 독성 효과로 약하게 만들다	to cause poisoning or a stupefied state in an organism	36 Some load their tissues with harsh compounds that either are unpleasant to insects or intoxicate them, encouraging the insects to go bother another plant or at least slowing down their eating.
stalemate	교착 상태	식물과 곤충의 공진화가 균형을 이루는 상태	a situation in which further action by either of two opposing parties is blocked; a deadlock	36 New variations, shading into entire new forms and adaptations, maintain the stalemate.

<p>resilient</p>	<p>회복 탄력성이 있는</p>	<p>곤충의 도전에도 살아남을 수 있는 식물</p>	<p>able to recover quickly from difficult conditions</p>	<p>36 New plant defenses unintentionally select for insects with ways to get around them, which in turn help bring about more resilient and resistant plant species.</p>
<p>repertoire</p>	<p>레퍼토리, 기법 목록</p>	<p>이전 행사에서 축적된 기술·관례의 집합</p>	<p>the range of techniques, abilities, or skills that a person habitually uses</p>	<p>37 anyone deploying spectacle may draw on a repertoire of techniques and conventions developed from previous festivals or related activities, but imitation is not enough.</p>
<p>prevailing</p>	<p>우세한, 주요한</p>	<p>특정 문화 내에서 지배적으로 작용하는</p>	<p>most common or widespread at a particular time; dominant</p>	<p>37 spectacle works primarily within a cultural frame and is subject to prevailing modes of perception that observers bring to bear.</p>
<p>vortex</p>	<p>회오리바람</p>	<p>건물 측면에서 발생하는 회전하는 바람</p>	<p>a mass of whirling fluid or air, especially a whirlwind or whirlpool</p>	<p>38 The difference in pressures on the front and back faces of the building gives rise to vortices, or spinning currents of wind, that flow downstream from the building.</p>
<p>perpendicular</p>	<p>직각을 이루는</p>	<p>바람 방향에 수직으로 건물을 당기고 미는</p>	<p>at an angle of 90 degrees to a given line or surface</p>	<p>38 The vortices pull and push the building in a direction perpendicular to the wind at frequencies that can become dangerously self-sustaining.</p>
<p>hierarchical</p>	<p>위계의, 서열의</p>	<p>역사적·위계적 차원 모두에서 빨강이 상위</p>	<p>relating to a system or organization in which people or groups are ranked above one another</p>	<p>39 As much on the historical as hierarchical level, it exceeded all others.</p>

chromatic	색채의, 채색의	색깔 전체를 아우르는 체계	relating to or produced by color	39 It was with red that humans did their first color experiments, achieved their first successes, and then constructed a chromatic universe.
offset	상쇄하다	AI가 불균형을 보정.완화하다	to counteract or compensate for something	40 AI can help offset imbalances in the pharmaceutical industry that direct attention to diseases that "pay."
demographic	인구 집단	지불 능력이 있는 특정 인구 집단	a particular sector of a population, especially as a target of advertising or research	40 it is prevalent among demographics that can pay more.
democratizing	민주화하는	AI가 연구 접근성을 모두에게 고루 확장하다	making something accessible to all people; removing privilege or exclusivity	40 We see the democratizing power of AI to broaden the attention of the medical and research communities to find cures to traditionally neglected health issues and among traditionally neglected populations.
■ 41~42번 (장문 독해 — 유리의 본질)				
amorphous	무정형의	일정한 결정 구조가 없는 고체	without a clearly defined shape or form; lacking definite structure	41-42 for some scientists it is an "amorphous solid," for others a "supercooled liquid."
imperceptibly	감지할 수 없을 만큼	아주 미세하여 눈치챌 수 없을 만큼	in a way that is too subtle or gradual to be noticed	41-42 at room temperature glass never behaves as a liquid, even an imperceptibly viscous one, even over long periods of time.

<p>viscous</p>	<p>들러붙는 , 점성이 있는</p>	<p>액체처럼 끈적이는 성질</p>	<p>having a thick, sticky consistency between solid and liquid</p>	<p>41-42 at room temperature glass never behaves as a liquid, even an imperceptibly viscous one, even over long periods of time.</p>
<p>misshapen</p>	<p>모양이 일그러진</p>	<p>아래가 더 두껍게 변형된 모양</p>	<p>not having the normal or natural shape; deformed</p>	<p>41-42 Those misshapen sheets of glass you sometimes see in old stained-glass windows, thicker at the bottom than the top, are generally not that way because the glass is slowly sinking over time.</p>
<p>paradox</p>	<p>역설</p>	<p>가장 오래된 물질인데 원리가 미해명인 것</p>	<p>a seemingly contradictory statement that may nonetheless be true</p>	<p>41-42 The paradox is that, despite it being one of the very oldest human-made substances, scientists still struggle to comprehend why glass behaves the way it does.</p>
<p>comprehend</p>	<p>이해하다</p>	<p>유리 거동 원리를 완전히 파악하다</p>	<p>to understand something fully</p>	<p>41-42 scientists still struggle to comprehend why glass behaves the way it does.</p>



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