

사차함수 $f(x)$ 가 다음 조건을 만족시킨다.

- (가) 5 이하의 모든 자연수 n 에 대하여 $\sum_{k=1}^n f(k) = f(n)f(n+1)$ 이다.
 (나) $n = 3, 4$ 일 때, 함수 $f(x)$ 에서 x 의 값이 n 에서 $n+2$ 까지 변할 때의 평균변화율은 양수가 아니다.

$128 \times f\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)$ 의 값을 구하시오. [4점] 65

$$\sum_{k=1}^n f(k) = f(n)f(n+1) \rightarrow S(n) = a_n a_{n+1}$$

$$n=1: S_1 = a_1 a_2$$

$$a_1 = a_1 a_2$$

$$a_1(a_2 - 1) = 0$$

$$a_1 = 0 \text{ or } a_2 = 1$$

$$S_n - S_{n-1} = a_n, \quad S_{n-1} = a_n a_{n-1} \quad (2 \leq n \leq 5)$$

$$S_n - S_{n-1} = a_n a_{n+1} - a_n a_{n-1}$$

$$= a_n(a_{n+1} - a_{n-1}) = a_n$$

$$a_n(a_{n+1} - a_{n-1} - 1) = 0$$

$$a_n = 0 \text{ or } a_{n+1} = a_{n-1} + 1$$

$$\therefore a_1 = 0 \text{ or } a_2 = 1$$

$$a_2 = 0 \text{ or } a_3 = a_1 + 1$$

$$a_3 = 0 \text{ or } a_4 = a_2 + 1$$

$$a_4 = 0 \text{ or } a_5 = a_3 + 1$$

$$a_5 = 0 \text{ or } a_6 = a_4 + 1$$

$$\frac{f(5) - f(3)}{5 - 3} \leq 0, \quad \frac{f(6) - f(4)}{6 - 4} \leq 0$$

$$\therefore a_5 \leq a_3, \quad a_6 \leq a_4$$

$$\therefore a_4 = 0, \quad a_5 = 0 \quad (\because a_5 = a_3 + 1, \quad a_6 = a_4 + 1 \quad \text{오답})$$

$$i) a_1 = 0, a_2 = 0$$

$$a_4 = a_2 + 1$$

$$0 \neq 0 + 1$$

$$\therefore a_3 = 0$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\therefore a_1 = a_2 = a_3 = a_4 = a_5 = 0$$

→ $f(x)$ 가 사차함수라는 것이 모순

$$ii) a_1 = 0, a_3 = a_1 + 1$$

$$a_3 = 1$$

$$a_4 = a_2 + 1 \rightarrow a_2 = -1 \quad (\because a_4 = 0)$$

$$\therefore a_1 = a_4 = a_5 = 0, a_3 = 1, a_2 = -1$$

$$\therefore f(x) = a(x-1)(x-4)(x-5)(x-b)$$

$$f(3) = a \cdot 2 \cdot (-1) \cdot (-2) \cdot (3-b)$$

$$= 12a - 4ab = 1$$

$$f(2) = a \cdot 1 \cdot (-2) \cdot (-3) \cdot (2-b)$$

$$= 12a - 6ab = -1$$

$$\therefore a = \frac{5}{12}, b = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{5}{12}(x-1)(x-4)(x-5)\left(x - \frac{12}{5}\right)$$

$$f(6) = \frac{5}{12} \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 1 \cdot \frac{18}{5} = 15 \rightarrow \text{모순} \quad (\because a_6 \leq a_4 + 1)$$

$$iii) a_2 = 1, a_3 = a_1 + 1$$

$$a_3 = 0, a_1 = -1$$

$$a_4 = a_5 = 0$$

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$$\therefore f(x) = a(x-3)(x-4)(x-5)(x-b)$$

$$f(2) = a \cdot (-1) \cdot (-2) \cdot (-3) \cdot (2-b)$$

$$= -12a + 6ab = 1$$

$$f(1) = a \cdot (-2) \cdot (-3) \cdot (-4) \cdot (1-b)$$

$$= -24a + 24ab = -1$$

$$\therefore a = -\frac{5}{24}, \quad b = \frac{6}{5}$$

$$\therefore f(x) = -\frac{5}{24}(x-3)(x-4)(x-5)\left(x - \frac{6}{5}\right)$$

$$f(6) = -\frac{5}{24} \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 \times \frac{24}{5} = -6 \rightarrow \text{성립}$$

$$\therefore f\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) = -\frac{5}{24} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) \cdot \left(-\frac{5}{2}\right) \cdot \frac{13}{10}$$

$$= \frac{65}{128}$$

$$\therefore 128 \times f\left(\frac{5}{2}\right) = 65$$