2011학년도 10월 고3 전국연합학력평가 문제지

제3교시

외국어(영어) 영역

1

1번부터 17번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기 바랍니다. 듣는 내용은 한 번만 방송됩니다.

1. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 선택한 로고 디자인을 고르시오.

SELF-SERVICE

SELF-SERVICE

SELF-SERVICE

SELF-SERVICE

SELF-SERVICE

- 2. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 심정으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① nervous
- 2 delighted
- ③ regretful

- 4 proud
- 5 sorrowful
- 3. 다음을 듣고, 남자가 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르 시오.
 - ① 애완동물 사진을 찍는 요령
 - ② 야외 사진을 찍을 때 유의할 점
- ③ 산만한 애완동물을 훈련하는 방법
- ④ 사진을 찍을 때 조명이 중요한 이유
- ⑤ 애완동물이 인간에게 미치는 정서적 영향
- 4. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
- ① 영화표 예매하기
- ② 빌린 DVD 반납하기
- ③ 영화 DVD 대출받기
- ④ 작문 과제 제출하기
- ⑤ 말하기 대회 준비하기
- 5. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 지불할 총 금액을 고르시오.
- ① \$87
- ② \$88
- ③ \$89
- **4** \$90
- \$91
- 6. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
- ① 폭풍우가 오기 전에 준비해야 할 사항을 안내하려고
- ② 학교 주변 위험 시설물에 대한 주의를 환기하려고
- ③ 폭풍우 발생으로 변경된 학교 일정을 공지하려고
- ④ 수재 현장에서 일할 자원봉사자를 모집하려고
- ⑤ 재난 대피 훈련의 필요성을 강조하려고

- 7. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 부탁한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
- ① to book flight tickets
- 2 to check the e-tickets
- 3 to print out the e-tickets
- 4 to call the airline company
- 5 to change the flight schedule
- 8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하는 장소로 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.
- ① 시장
- ② 호텔
- ③ 유람선

- ④ 관광열차
- ⑤ 놀이공원
- 9. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.

[1점]

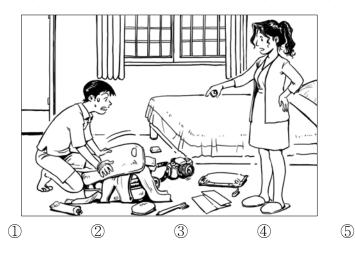
- ① 중고차 판매원 자동차 구매자
- ② 보험회사 직원 차량 소유주
- ③ 자동차 정비사 정비 의뢰인
- ④ 운전학원 강사 수강생
- ⑤ 열쇠 수리공 집주인
- 10. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① 직접 만든 요리 대접하기
 - ② 한국 음식 요리법 알려주기
 - ③ 요리 경연 대회에서 심사하기
 - ④ 요리를 잘하는 친구 소개하기
 - ⑤ 축제에서 한국 코너 운영하기
- 11. 다음 표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 남자가 등록할 강좌를 고르시오.

Basketball Classes for Winter Vacation

	Class	Time	Days
1	Intermediate A	9:00 ~ 10:30 a.m.	Mon. & Wed.
2	Intermediate B	9:00 ~ 10:30 a.m.	Tue. & Thu.
3	Intermediate C	1:00 ~ 2:30 p.m.	Mon. & Wed.
4	Advanced A	9:00 ~ 10:30 a.m.	Mon. & Wed.
(5)	Advanced B	1:00 ~ 2:30 p.m.	Tue. & Thu.

- 12. Science & Nature Camp에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오. [3점]
 - ① 대부분의 프로그램이 야외에서 진행된다.
 - ② 유명한 과학자들의 특별 강연이 있다.
- ③ 모든 진행 요원은 응급처치 훈련을 받았다.
- ④ 일주일 안에 지원하면 할인 혜택을 준다.
- ⑤ 지원한 순서대로 참가자를 선발한다.

13. 다음 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오.



14. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man:

- ① Okay. I'll have the stairs repaired soon.
- ② I see. I'll take some action after I check.
- 3 Please use the stairs instead of the elevator.
- ④ I'm sorry to hear that your daughter got hurt.
- ⑤ I'm afraid it's too dark for the students to study.

15. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman:

- ① Watch this film. It's really impressive.
- ② It'll be fun to meet a famous film-maker.
- 3 No way. You have to finish it by next week.
- 4 Just aim for ten. We have other students in the class.
- ⑤ I'd love to help you, but I've never edited a film before.

16. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man:

- ① Yes, you'll enjoy reading the original story.
- ② If you do so, you'll have a story you'd like.
- 3 When you read a story, focus on the writer's intent.
- 4 Write your own story before watching the animation.
- ⑤ No, you can't rewrite it without the writer's permission.

17. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Jane이 Peter에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Jane:

- ① You'd better cut out the ballet scene.
- 2 I think you should ask someone else.
- ③ I couldn't participate in the ballet contest.
- ④ I'm really looking forward to joining the play.
- ⑤ Well, I need some time to make up my mind.

이제 듣기·말하기 문제는 다 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

18. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

When I moved out of Apartment 350 in Mellon Manor, I was denied a refund of my initial \$450 deposit because the apartment was not cleaned. At the time of checkout, Mr. Vegas, the local manager, provided an inventory showing that all appliances were working properly and noted only the unclean apartment as the reason for refusing the refund. I cleaned the apartment the next day, requested a reinspection, and was told by Mr. Vegas that he would mail the deposit check. The check has never arrived, although I've made three follow-up calls to his office. Please check into this matter immediately and mail the deposit refund to me at the address above.

- ① 집세 인하를 요청하려고 ② 보증금 환불을 독촉하려고
- ③ 이사 예정일을 통보하려고 ④ 중개인의 도움에 감사하려고
- ⑤ 청소 상태에 대해 항의하려고

19. 밑줄 친 부분이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

A few months ago, a turtle in Thailand was grievously injured when it was run over by a truck. ① The animal hardly seemed to have any chance of survival. However, with the immediate help of the Thai Animal Guardians Association, it did survive. The Association admitted ② the victim to Bangkok's Chulalongkorn University for medical treatment. ③ The little survivor was named Jikko and the Bangkok Post kept readers updated on the animal's progress. Jikko is now quite fit and a fiberglass shell has been placed over its broken outer shell to speed up the healing process. This means that ④ the patient is the only turtle in Thailand to have a fiberglass shell! This is made from dental plate material and will crack and fall off when ⑤ the natural counterpart is fully restored.

20. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

How many times do you get caught in the middle of other people's dramas because you are such a "nice" person? How often does being nonassertive cause you to feel responsible for solving other people's problems? If you spend most of your time feeling responsible for everyone else, you won't have enough time to care for yourself and meet your own goals. You have to be very selective about whom you will help and how involved you get if you don't want to get overloaded. There's a fine line here. Only you can decide when to cross it. Be careful, because many of the problems others bring to your doorstep cannot be solved by you; they can be solved only by the others themselves.

- ① 책임감 있게 일을 추진해야 한다.
- ② 자신의 능력을 꾸준히 개발해야 한다.
- ③ 남의 일에 관여하는 데 신중해야 한다.
- ④ 일의 우선순위를 정해서 처리해야 한다.
- ⑤ 시간적 여유를 가지고 문제를 해결해야 한다.

외국어(영어) 영역

21. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

Democracies require more equality if they are ① to grow stronger. The problem is that globalization pushes in the opposite direction; by placing a premium on high skills that make workers more 2 competitively, it increases income inequality between the highly skilled minority and the rest. In this situation, it is not sufficient 3 to reduce economic insecurity by expanding the social safety net. Instead, a country must begin to make the transition from a welfare state to a workfare state, with an emphasis on creating a more highly skilled labor force and @improving access to the labor market for women and low-income youth. To expand job creation, new social policies must also provide better incentives for entrepreneurship and innovation. Only then can social policies 5 be considered key factors of production, beyond their role as instruments of social protection. * entrepreneurship: 창업 의욕

22. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Most amateur speakers do not understand that when they are on stage they are actors and actresses. Most do have some idea that they should speak with more power on stage than they (A) are/do on a one-to-one basis, but they do not realize that their verbal eloquence must be matched with a nonverbal eloquence. If you move your hand two inches to emphasize a point when (B) speaking/to speak to one person, you may have to move it as much as two feet in front of a large audience. The general rule is, the bigger the audience, the bigger the motion. This is so difficult for people, especially businesspeople whose general style is that of understatement, (C) which/that they should take an acting course before they take a speech course.

(A) (B) (C)
① are ····· speaking ···· which
② are ···· to speak ···· which
③ do ···· to speak ···· that
④ do ···· to speak ··· which
⑤ do ··· speaking ··· that

23. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Development strategies focus on economic growth without recognizing the role of functioning natural systems for local well-being. This is because services that nature provides are often not visible. ① Wetlands are a good example; conserving wetlands appears to provide few benefits, and few economic costs are associated with their conservation and loss. 2 Consequently, wetlands are converted in favor of more profitable options such as dams or irrigation schemes. ③ Since the costs of running these dams do not fall correspondingly, the cost of generating a given amount of electricity rises. @But the problem is not that wetlands have no economic value, but that this value - e.g. waste water purification and water regulation—is poorly understood and frequently overlooked in decision-making. ⑤ Local planners are often unaware that many natural solutions are available and are more cost-effective than artificial solutions.

[24~28] 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

24. A person who works on an assembly line is well aware of the efficiency that can be gained through repetition. The craftsmen who work on building clocks gain tremendous efficiency between the first time a clock is built and the hundredth time. After multiple repetitions of the same routine, the assembly person instinctively knows where to reach for each subsequent part. They learn how best to grasp and position the new parts to insure the gears are aligned and components are properly seated. Over time the movements become fluid and instinctive. There is little brainpower needed for each new assembly as the mind wanders and the body simply goes through the motions. Every manufacturing plant worker or manager is well aware of the value of ______.

① familiarity

2 honesty

3 curiosity

4 creativity

(5) scarcity

25. Whenever you advertise your brand, your competitor's brands are also activated in the minds of your target audience. When ninety-six volunteers were shown a list of familiar banks and then asked whether a familiar but non-listed bank was on the list, seventy-one percent of them said yes. About a third of the people who said yes claimed that their answers were based on vivid memory and not on simple guessing. One explanation for this _______ is that when we see or hear a list of associated words it awakens other related concepts in our minds. When we are tested on what was actually presented, it is hard for us to distinguish between concepts that have been activated externally by seeing or hearing them, or internally by association.

- ① sudden loss of memory
- 2 occurrence of false memory
- 3 false accusation of advertisers
- ④ disadvantage of short-term memory
- 5 heated competition between volunteers

26. A social function of religion is to prompt reflection concerning conduct. In this context, religion plays a role in social control, which does not rely on law alone. Religion sets guidelines for acceptable behavior. This is done through notions of right and wrong, good and evil. Usually, religious myths feature tales of supernatural beings that in various ways illustrate the society's ethical code in action. Right actions earn the approval of the supernatural power which is recognized by a particular culture. Wrong actions may cause punishment through supernatural agencies. In short, by raising people's feelings of guilt and anxiety about their actions, religion ______.

- ① helps keep people in line
- 2 explains death and afterlife
- 3 reveals the mystery of the universe
- 4 distinguishes itself from superstition
- 5 teaches about the value of meditation

외국어(영어) 영역

4

27. To improve their own chances of survival, some parasites cause their hosts to act in ways that are very different from their normal behavior. When a thorny-headed worm reaches maturity inside a pillbug, it causes the pillbug to move out into the light, against its normal urge. Exposed, the pillbug is more likely to be eaten by a bird. If it is eaten, the thorny-headed worm then enters the next stage of its life cycle inside the bird, its new host. There are dozens of examples like this. In most cases, the parasite _______ by adjusting levels of hormones in the host's body. In at least one case, the parasite actually manipulates the host's DNA directly, turning certain genes on or off. *pillbug: 쥐며느리 (절지동물)

- ① keeps its host out of danger
- 2 takes over its host's behavior
- 3 reduces its chances of survival
- 4 drops its habit of living inside the host
- 5 indirectly provides a benefit for its host

28. A researcher carried out a series of tasks in full view of twenty-four toddlers—stacking books or hanging towels with clothespins. Occasionally he struggled with the task, dropping the clothespins or knocking over the books. Every one of the toddlers crawled over to help him pick up the pins or books, but only in those instances where his facial and bodily gestures suggested he needed assistance. He said that the babies didn't offer their help when he purposely dropped a book from the stack or tossed a clothespin on the floor. He was careful not to acknowledge the help with a thank you, in order not to encourage the toddlers to perform in return for praise. He found that when he clearly needed help, the babies

- ① became quieter than usual
- 2 cried to call for others' help
- 3 stimulated him to show them his love
- ④ didn't seem to care as much as adults
- ⑤ showed a keen sensitivity to his plight

29. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점]

Common wisdom says that Internet social networking allows us to expand our circle of friends. However, a recent study says we're as ① limited in our social contacts as we ever were. About twenty years ago, the British anthropologist, Robin Dunbar, observed a ② correlation between the sizes of primate brains and the number of social contacts. He concluded that humans can ③ handle regular contact with a number of friends somewhere between 100 and 200, and 150 became the standard Dunbar number for our species. Dunbar went on to say that this number has been ④ changeable throughout human history. For example, prehistoric hunter-gatherer groups would split when they ⑤ surpassed 150 individuals in size, as well as other groupings such as academic subspecialties or working groups within corporations.

* primate: 영장류

30. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Some linguists thought that some "primitive" languages were intermediate between animal languages and civilized ones. They (A) adopted/abandoned this idea when they discovered that grammatical rules varied in complexity independently of social development. An American Indian language, for example, has twice as many case endings as Latin. Other proposed characteristics of "primitive" languages, such as the (B) abuse / absence of appropriately general words, proved to be unreliable indicators of evolutionary grades. The Agta of the Philippines have thirty-one different verbs that refer to particular types of fishing. Yet they lack a generic word meaning "to fish." In fact, they have no need to refer to fishing as a general activity for their living. Linguists realize that the failure of a language to have a general word is (C) relevant / irrelevant | to its evolutionary standing. * case ending: 격 변화 어미

(A) (B) (C)

① adopted abuse relevant
② adopted absence relevant
③ abandoned absence irrelevant
④ abandoned absence relevant
⑤ abandoned abuse irrelevant

[31 ~ 32] 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

31. How can people make their purchasing decisions in a way that will maximize their long-term happiness? Although most people would think about how nice it would be to decorate their apartment quickly, it should be clear that given the human tendency for adaptation, they would actually be happier if they limited their purchases and took breaks. The lesson here is to __(A)__ pleasure. A new couch may please you for a couple of months, so don't buy your new television until after the thrill of the couch has worn off. The opposite holds true if you are struggling with economic cutbacks. When reducing consumption, you should move to a smaller apartment, give up cable television, and cut back on expensive coffee __(B)__. Sure, the initial pain will be larger, but the total amount of agony over time will be lower. [3점]

(A) (B)

① share at intervals
② share all at once
③ hide all at once
④ slow down all at once
⑤ slow down at intervals

외국어(영어) 영역

32. If you establish an adequate baseline by observing a specific individual's arm behaviors over a period of time, you can detect how he is feeling by his arm movements.

(A) , arm movements can let you know how someone is feeling upon returning home from work. When a person feels discouraged or sad after a tough day, his arms will be low at his side, shoulders drooping. Armed with this understanding, you can comfort the person and help him recover from a hard day.

(B) , watch people being reunited after a long absence. They hold their open arms straight out. The meaning is clear, "Come here, I want to hold you!" Our arms reach out, defying gravity and opening up our entire body, because our feelings are so genuinely positive.

(A) (B)

① For instance ····· Therefore
② For instance ····· In contrast
③ In addition ···· Therefore
④ In addition ···· In contrast
⑤ However ···· In other words

33. 다음 글에 드러난 Shay의 심경 변화로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

Shay and his father were walking past a park where some boys Shay knew were playing baseball. "Do you think they'll let me play?" Shay anxiously asked his father although he knew they wouldn't let him join them because of his handicap. How many times had he been denied playing in a game since he hurt his leg severely three years ago? Shay's father looked at his son, overwhelmed with pity. He approached one of the boys on the field and asked if Shay could play, not expecting much. The boy looked at Shay and said, "We're losing by six runs, and the game is in the eighth inning. I guess he can be on our team, and we'll try to put him in to bat in the ninth inning." Shay struggled over to the team's bench and put on a team shirt with a broad smile on his face and tears in his eyes.

① worried \rightarrow sad

② longing → delighted

3 doubtful \rightarrow frustrated

④ sympathetic → moved

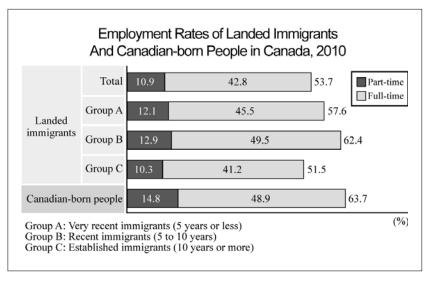
⑤ confident → disappointed

[34~35] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

34. I once visited a ski resort while our company was producing one of our first televised ski races. Upon arriving, I immediately looked for the head of our television division who was overseeing the event. To my surprise, I was told he was out on the side of the mountain setting up camera angles with the crew. That would have been an acceptable place for him to be if he had still been a producer. But as a division head, I expected him to be at the base of the mountain, directing the event on the whole. Because he hadn't grasped his new position, this executive went back to the old, comfortable position without realizing that his new position required him to sacrifice some of his old ways.

- ① Savor the Beauty of Nature
- 2 Endeavor to Get to the Top
- 3 History: The Window to the Future
- 4 Embrace the Present with Open Arms
- 5 Farewell to the Past for a New Move
- with a big, thick marker, instead of a ball-point pen. Why? Pen points are too fine. They encourage you to worry about things that you shouldn't worry about yet, like perfecting the shading or whether to use a dotted or dashed line. You end up focusing on things that should still be out of focus. A marker makes it impossible to drill down that deep. You can only draw shapes, lines, and boxes. That's good. The big picture is all you should be worrying about in the beginning. You need to approach your idea in the same way. Getting obsessed with details too early leads to disagreement, meetings, and delays. You get lost in things that don't really matter. You waste your time on decisions that are going to change anyway.
- ① Ignore Details Early On
- ② Don't Leave It to Chance
- 3 Loud Action, Little Success
- 4 What Can You Gain from Loss?
- ⑤ Shape Your Dream on Your Own

36. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 <u>않는</u> 것은?



The above graph shows the employment rates of landed immigrants and Canadian-born people in Canada in 2010. ① The full-time employment rate was higher than the part-time employment rate for both landed immigrants and Canadian-born people. ② The total employment rate of landed immigrants was lower than that of Canadian-born people in both the full- and part-time categories. ③ Group A immigrants had a greater chance of being employed full- or part-time than Group C immigrants. ④ Group B had a higher employment rate than the other immigrant groups in both the full- and part-time categories. ⑤ Group B immigrants also enjoyed a higher employment rate than Canadian-born people in both categories.

*landed immigrant: (캐나다의) 영주권을 받은 이민자

37. Andrea McNichol에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Andrea McNichol works as a handwriting analyst now, but she was not good at handwriting in school. Her mother was always yelling at her about her handwriting. It never got hung on the walls like the other kids'. It was messy, ugly, and nothing like her mother's—she used to win penmanship awards for hers. Andrea was an embarrassment to her mother. Now, some twenty years after graduating from college, she is on the witness stand in L.A. Superior Court, and the examining attorney is asking her, "Would you state your profession for the record, Ms. McNichol?" She responds, "I am a graphologist." Yes, as ironic as it may sound, she now makes a living by using her knowledge of handwriting. She specializes in personality assessment via handwriting, and in authenticating handwriting on questioned documents.

- ① 필체가 좋아서 학창 시절에 상을 받았다.
- ② 어머니처럼 글씨를 잘 썼다.
- ③ 대학생 신분으로 법정에서 일한다.
- ④ 필적감정사가 되기 위해 공부하고 있다.
- ⑤ 필체를 통해 성격을 알아낸다.

38. Heliotrop에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Heliotrop was built in 1994 by a German architect Rolf Disch for his home in Freigur, Germany. The most important characteristic of this house is its low energy consumption due to its ability to rotate according to the sun's position as well as its solar energy production thanks to roof-mounted solar panels. The cylindrical building is designed to face the sun with its triple-pane windows during the cold months of the year and turn its highly insulated backside to the sun during the warmer months when heating isn't necessary. As the house is exposed to the sun with the open front's special windows, the maximum possible energy and light is let into it. Solar panels on its roof also rotate independently of the building to follow the sun.

*insulate: 단열하다

- ① 건축가가 자신의 집으로 만들었다.
- ② 태양의 위치에 따라 회전할 수 있다.
- ③ 추운 계절에는 뒷면이 태양을 향한다.
- ④ 앞쪽 유리창은 햇빛을 최대로 흡수하도록 설계되었다.
- ⑤ 태양 전지판은 집과 별도로 회전할 수 있다.

[39~40] 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

39. Early human beings had to be good at exploring their surroundings and maintaining an intimate memory of edible and inedible plants, insects, and small animals, and the seasonal changes that conditioned their own hand-to-mouth survival. Primitive people were constantly observing the behavior of other animals and mimicking their behavior as if to incorporate it into the making of their own. Early man may have learned trapping from the spider, basket-making from the birds' nests, burrowing from rabbits, and the art of using poison from snakes. Unlike most species, man did not hesitate to learn from other creatures and copy their ways; by imitating their diets and methods of getting food he multiplied his own chances of survival.

- ① 인간과 동물은 상호 의존 관계에 있다.
- ② 동물이 인간보다 더 지혜로운 경우도 많다.
- ③ 동물의 생존과 번성은 인간에 의해 결정된다.
- ④ 인간은 학습과 모방을 통해 생존 능력을 키워 왔다.
- ⑤ 인간은 생존을 위해 다른 동물의 서식지를 침범해 왔다.
- 40. During busy times of the year, such as the Christmas holiday season, it's easy to become preoccupied with the stresses of everyday life. The last thing on your mind might be what you'll be doing in a couple of months, years, or decades. However, in one study of first-semester college students, researchers found that those students who focused on their futures were more engaged in their academic pursuits. Although there is perhaps no period in life quite as stressful as the first year of college, students could be more engaged in what they were doing when they saw the big picture and avoided being weighed down by the strains of their present circumstances. Researchers believe that people who can project themselves into the future can get the most out of their lives right now because they see where it's leading them.
- ① 현재에 충실하면 스트레스를 극복할 수 있다.
- ② 학업에 대한 열정이 미래의 성공으로 이어진다.
- ③ 다양한 경험을 통해 전문기술을 습득할 수 있다.
- ④ 현실을 고려해서 인생의 목표를 세우는 것이 좋다.
- ⑤ 미래의 모습을 그려봄으로써 현실에 더욱 충실할 수 있다.

[41~42] 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- 41. Stories have long been used as instruments of persuasion. Aesop used his fables to lead people toward a certain moral code. The persuasive power of stories certainly hasn't been lost on advertisers. A vast number of TV commercials, for example, pack miniature stories into the briefest of clips. The reason why these fictional words and actions can powerfully impact our attitudes and behavior is that fiction doesn't feel persuasive. Even when it's been created with that goal, it's easy to lose sight of its original purpose and simply sink into the experience of being entertained. Many people automatically activate a defensive system when they detect that a message has persuasive intent. Miniature fiction is probably one of the best ways to mask the true persuasive nature of advertising.
- ① establishing moral codes through stories
- 2 why using fiction is effective in advertising
- 3 how to incorporate personal experiences in advertising
- ④ protecting customers from being deceived by advertisers
- 5 the importance of understanding the story's original intent

The penguin has shiny feathers coated in natural oils which keep it waterproof and warm in the icy waters. Crude oil from a spill destroys these natural oils, and the penguin fails to protect itself from the cold. The bird is also liable to swallow poisonous oil and die since it preens its feathers using its beak. Sweaters are often used to keep penguins warm when they have just been rescued from an oil slick. Once penguins are rescued, they are cleaned, dressed in sweaters, and then put in salt-water pools for rehabilitation. As they swim around and regain their strength, the salt water gradually destroys the wool. By the time the penguins are ready to return to the ocean, their natural oils will have come back, and they can go home dressed only in their feathers.

* preen: (부리로) 다듬다

- ① the functions of penguins' natural oils
- ② the value of protecting penguins' habitat
- 3 dangers penguins face in polluted waters
- 4) the impact of oil spills on the environment
- ⑤ a rehabilitation process of rescued penguins

44. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

People themselves also differ in their ability to taste and in their tolerance of certain plants.

We know that the taste of a particular plant from one place may differ slightly from that of the same plant at another place. (①) This is due to genetic variation usually manifested in differing characteristics. (②) Thus, the degree of bitterness or mildness in many members of the mustard and daisy families can be attributed to natural genetic variations. (③) Chemical composition of the soil along with other substances added by man or animals can affect the taste of some plants, especially smaller herbs. (④) While some people enjoy dandelion leaves, others may hate them. (⑤) You might acquire a taste for certain edible plants only after experimenting with harvest and preparation techniques.

45. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Sandra Lee, who is famous for her *Semi-Homemade*, understands the delicate balance between the desire to feel the pride of ownership and the wish not to spend too much time in the kitchen. According to Lee, housewives can feel the joy of creation while saving time by using ready-made products for seventy percent of the process (cake mix, store-bought minced garlic, a jar of marinara sauce) and thirty percent "fresh, creative touches" (a bit of honey and vanilla in the cake mix, or fresh eggs and vegetables instead of dried ones). Housewives can combine off-the-shelf products with just the right amount of personalization. Lee's TV show, magazine, and numerous cookbooks offer evidence that a spoonful of ownership is a crucial ingredient in the psychological exercise that is cooking.

43. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

The settlement of the Latin American countryside took a different course from that of North America. The Latin Americans did not settle on individual family farms.

- (A) The poorer people worked on these estates for low wages. They had little hope of ever owning their own land. The landowners also forced the native Indians to work on the haciendas and later imported millions of African slaves for the same purpose.
- (B) That's because the government did not promote private ownership of land. Wealthy men owned most of the land, from which they made huge estates, called haciendas.
- (C) Many of the owners, however, cared little for developing their land or using it wisely. Their attitude kept the workers in poverty and the land undeveloped, and led many Latin American nations to remain agricultural.

$$(1) (A) - (C) - (B)$$

②
$$(B) - (A) - (C)$$

$$(B) - (C) - (A)$$

$$(C) - (A) - (B)$$

$$(5)$$
 $(C) - (B) - (A)$

By combining labor-saving help and $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(A)$, housewives can have the feeling of $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}(B)$ while cooking.

(A) (B)

① personal contribution achievement

② proper training ····· security

③ various devices ····· gratitude

5 proper training achievement

[46~47] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

While I was staying at a world-renowned hotel in Bogota, Colombia, the general manager commented to me that he had recently hired some new hotel guards, and although he couldn't put his finger on it, there was something about them he didn't like. He knew that I had worked in law enforcement for the FBI, and he asked whether I had noticed anything bothersome about his new staff members. We walked outside where the guards were posted and took a quick glance. The manager noted that although they had new uniforms and their boots were shined, something wasn't right. I agreed that the uniforms looked professional, but pointed out that the guards were standing with their thumbs in their pockets, making them look weak and incompetent.

At first the manager didn't seem to grasp what I was saying until I had him demonstrate the posture himself. Immediately he said, "You are right. They look like little kids waiting for their mother to tell them what to eat and what to wear." The next day the guards were shown how to stand and look authoritative (hands behind back, chin up) without looking threatening to the guests. Sometimes little things mean a lot. In this case, the disappearing thumbs became indicators which showed

-not exactly what you want from a security force, especially in Bogota, Colombia.

46. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① slow reaction
- 2 little patience
- 3 low confidence
- 4 frequent disobedience
- 5 communication breakdown

47. 위 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① 호텔에서 최근에 새 경비원을 고용했다.
- ② 필자는 FBI에서 근무한 적이 있다.
- ③ 필자는 경비원의 모습을 관찰했다.
- ④ 필자는 경비원의 복장이 적합하다고 생각했다.
- ⑤ 경비원은 처음에 뒷짐을 지고 서 있었다.

[48~50] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A)

Michael Swenson loved to swim. In fact, every night after school he would go to the community pool and swim lap after lap just for pure enjoyment. One day (a)he saw an ad announcing a local swimming meet in a newspaper. Michael entered and continued to practice. It was a ten-mile race across a lake. With only four weeks to prepare, Michael intensified his workouts.

(B)

something interesting happened. All Then spectators congratulated the winner for his excellence but immediately turned their attention to Michael. A lady passing by who didn't see the race was confused. She tapped a man on the shoulder and asked, "Why are they making such a big deal of this guy? He didn't win!" The man turned to her and replied, "Because Michael would have easily won had (b)he had two arms!"

(C)

Race day finally came, and to Michael's astonishment, hundreds of contestants had entered. On top of this pressure, thousands of people showed up to cheer for their favorite contenders. The swimmers were lined up, and the gun went off to start the race. Michael's preparation and hard work paid off. At the five-mile mark (c)he had a commanding lead. But then fatigue struck. Negative thoughts began flooding Michael's head. I can't make it. I'll quit now.

(D)

As Michael slowed down, the second-place swimmer started to make his move. (d)He swam to within one hundred yards of Michael. But Michael fought back. He was able to put the negative thoughts aside and push himself to greatness. (e)He decided that he wanted this victory, this glory. At the nine-mile mark, the second-place swimmer was now only thirty yards behind him. Michael knew it and pushed himself even harder. With only five yards to go, the second-place contestant passed Michael and won the race. Both swimmers collapsed and lay in the sand gasping for breath.

48. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① (B) (C) (D)
- ② (B) (D) (C)
- (C) (B) (D)
- (A) (C) (D) (B)
- \bigcirc (D) (B) (C)

49. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- \bigcirc (a)
- ② (b)
- ③ (c)
- ④ (d)
- ⑤ (e)

50. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Go Hand in Hand
- 2 Swimming Comes First
- ③ A Victory for Friendship ④ A Big Fuss over Nothing
- ⑤ Glory to the Second-Place Winner

※ 확인 사항

○ 답안지의 해당란에 필요한 내용을 정확히 기입(표기) 했는지 확인하시오.