1. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?(올림포스)¹⁾

We expect, as you do, that Alpha Airlines will operate flights on time. But, on occasion, the weather or other challenges can make it difficult, if not impossible, to stay on schedule.

- (A) A "distressed-passenger rate" coupon, which is good for a discounted rate at an approved local hotel, may be available through customer-service agents to help you with overnight accommodations. When you have to spend a night somewhere other than where you had planned, having your bags with you can make the situation a bit more tolerable.
- (B) When bad weather causes a flight cancellation or a delay stretches overnight, we may be able to help cover some unexpected expenses.
- (C) In some cases, however, circumstances can make it impossible for us to retrieve your baggage. If our airport staff cannot get your baggage back, it will continue your scheduled destination and will be held there.
- ① A-C-B
- ② B-A-C
- ③ B-C-A
- ④ C-A-B
- ⑤ C-B-A

2. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?(올림포스)²⁾

Human habitation of Tasmania dates back 35,000 years, when Aborigines first <u>1reached</u> the area. At this time it was <u>2linked</u> to continental Australia, but water rose to form the Bass Strait at the end of the Ice Age, 12,000 years ago. Dutch explorer Abel Tasman set foot on the island in 1642 and <u>3 inspired</u> its modern name. He originally called it Van Diemen's Land, after the governor of the Dutch East Indies. Tasmania has a diverse landscape that <u>4 excludes</u> glacial mountains, dense forests and rolling green hills. Its wilderness is one of only three large <u>5 temperate</u> forests remaining in the southern hemisphere.

3. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?(올림포스)3)

Getting away from it all is getting more difficult all the time in America's national parks. Increasingly, people are running into the same urban ills that they are trying to escape: traffic jams, pollution and even crime. While most people go for the blockbusters such as Yellowstone and Grand Canyon, there are parks just as magnificent with significantly fewer visitors. These lesser-known parks, in many cases, lie farther from population centers or just don't have local T-shirt and calendar industries. Without the car horns and camera-carrying tourists, they better preserve that sense of wilderness - and besides, you can grab a campsite at the last minute, instead of having to reserve a year in advance.

- ① 미국 국립공원에서 완전한 휴식이 어려워지고 있다.
- ② 도시에서 겪는 불행들을 국립공원에서도 마주치게 된다.
- ③ Yellowstone과 같이 웅장하면서도 사람들이 적은 공원들이 있다.
- ④ 덜 알려진 공원들은 대다수 인구 밀집 지역에서 멀리 위치하고 있다.
- ⑤ 덜 알려진 공원들의 캠프장은 1년 전에 미리 예약을 해야 한다.

4. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?(올림포스)⁴⁾

William Shakespeare wrote 154 sonnets, many of which are great ①achievements of English literature. Among them, "Sonnet 18" is the best known and most frequently quoted. In the Sonnet, the speaker 2)compares his beloved to the summer season, and argues that his beloved is better and will live on forever. Readers often assume that this sonnet is addressed to a young woman, an 3object of the speaker's romantic love. But though the sonnet is indeed a love poem, it is actually an expression of love for a male friend - the same nameless young gentleman to whom the first 126 of Shakespeare's sonnets are addressed. Though scholars have long debated the 4)identity of the young man and the nature of his relationship to the narrator, the matter is clouded by ⑤certainty. It is unclear even whether Shakespeare is narrating.

5. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은? [올림포스 10강] (3.7) ⁵⁾

Medical specialists called anesthesiologists employ gases such as nitrous oxide, or injected drugs. These anesthetics keep patients unconscious for the many hours some complex operations require. For major operations, a general anesthetic is usual. The patient is given a gas or drug that is absorbed by the blood, which then circulates it to the nervous system. As the anesthetic numbs the central nervous system, the blood of the person undergoing surgery relaxes and ceases to feel. Some operations, however, require only a local anesthetic. This consists of a drug injected into the area to be operated on, to deaden the local nerves. Only that particular part of the body is affected. A third type of anesthetic is the spinal. An injection of a drug into the spinal cord completely numbs nerves and relaxes muscles in all parts of the body below the point of injection.

- ① 마취과 의사들은 주사되는 약물만을 사용한다.
- ② 대수술에는 부분 마취가 일반적이다.
- ③ 주입된 약물은 신경계로 순환된 뒤 혈액으로 흡수된다.
- ④ 부분 마취는 몸 전체 신경을 무감각하게 한다.
- ⑤ 척추 마취는 주사 부위 아래의 모든 신경을 마비시킨다.

6. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 <u>않은</u> 것은?⁶⁾ (3.8) [올림포스 9강]

Today many libraries are being transformed. Some are ①devoting less and less room to books. and more and more to computers and printers. In process, many libraries are becoming more like giant bookstores with every passing year. technologies allow them to know more about what their patrons are reading, just as giant bookstores use them 2)to figure out their preferences. The need to spend on digital works and services is 3 increasing the reaming up with one another to acquire books for 4 just-in-time delivery to patrons, rather than maintaining the old system of each library having its own copy of each book on the shelf. We are witnessing the ⑤Amazonification of libraries.

❖ [5~6] (A), (B), (C)에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 옳게 짝지어진 것은?

7. (4.4)7)[올림포스 8강]

William Shakespeare wrote 154 sonnets, and (A) [many of which / many of them] are great achievements of English literature. Among them, "Sonnet 18" is the best known and most frequently quoted. In the Sonnet, the speaker compares his beloved to the summer season, and argues that his beloved is better and will live on forever. Reader's often assume that this sonnet is sent to a young woman, an object of the speaker's romantic love. But though the sonnet is indeed a love poem, it is actually an expression of love for a male friend the same nameless young gentleman (B) [to whom / whom] the first 126 of Shakespeare's sonnets are addressed. Though scholars have long debated the identify of the young man and the nature of his relationship to the narrator, the matter is clouded by uncertainty. It is unclear even (C) [whether / unless] Shakespeare is narrating.

(A) (B) (C)

- 1 many of them whom unless
- 2 many of them to whom whether
- 3 many of them whom whether
- (4) many of which whom whether
- ⑤ many of which to whom unless

8. [올림포스 7강] (3.8) 8)

We expect, as you do, that Alpha Airlines will operate flights on time. But, on occasion, it is hard to stay on schedule due to the weather or other challenges. When bad weather causes a flight cancellation or a delay stretches overnight, we may be able to help cover some un expected expenses. A "distressed-passenger rate" coupon is good for a discounted rate at an approved local hotel, (A) [which / where] it may be available through customer-services agents to help you with overnight accomodations. When you have to spend a night somewhere other than where you had planned, (B) [have / having] your bags with you can make the situation a bit more tolerable. In some cases, however, circumstances do not allow us to retrieve your baggage. If our airport staff cannot get your baggage back, it will continue on to your scheduled destination and will (C) [hold / be hold] there.

9. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [올 림포스 7강] (4.2)⁹⁾

Human habitation of Tasmania dates back 35,000 years, when Aborigines first reached the area. At this time it was connected to continental Australia, but ①water rose to form the Bass Strait at the end of the Ice Age, 12,000 years ago. Dutch explorer Abel Tasman set foot on the island in 1642 and inspired its modern name. ②He originally called it Van Diemen's Land, after the governor of the Dutch East Indies. Tasmania has a diverse landscape ③that contains glacial mountains, dense forests and rolling green hills. Its wilderness is one of only three large temperate forests ④remain in the southern hemisphere. It is also home to many plants and animals ⑤which are unique to the island. One-third of Tasmania is protected as a World Heritage Area.

10. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?[올림포스 6강](3)¹⁰⁾

Acadia is the name of a French colony which was located in the northeastern part of North America (mostly in present-day Nova Scotia) between 1604 and 1713. The British took over the French claim to Acadia in 1713. Then from 1755 to 1762, they made most of the Acadia settlers leave the territory.

_____(A) ____,the Acadians retained a strong sense of cultural identity, and they continued to represent a strong French-speaking minority in some areas. The Acadia economy was largely agricultural, but fishing and fur trading were also important. They traded with New Englands, usually exchanging furs and agricultural products for clothes, tools, and food. ____(B) _____, the French Imperial authorities discouraged such trading. The Acadians generally loved peacefully with the native inhabitants of the region.

In conclusion

(A) (B)

Nevertheless - However
 Similarly - For example
 Moreover - Nonetheless
 In contrast - Likewise

(5) Furthermore

11. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 <u>없는</u> 문장은?¹¹⁾ (올림포스 10강) [3.3점]

You're standing in the supermarket aisle looking at two similar products, trying to decide which to choose. 1 You want to make the healthier choice but you're in a hurry. ② If you're buying ready meals, check to see if there's a nutrition label on the front of the pack, and then see how your choices stack up when it comes to the number of calories and the amount of fat, saturated fat, sugars and salt. 3 If the nutrition labels use traffic light colors, you will often find a mixture of red, amber and green. 4) So, when you're choosing between similar products, try to go for more greens and ambers, and fewer reds, if you want to make the healthier choice. (5) Foods with more than one ingredient must have an ingredient list on the label. But remember that even healthier ready meals may be higher in fat and calories than the homemade equivalent.

12. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절한 것은¹²⁾ (올림포스 15강) [3.8점]

Most people agree that Plato was a pretty good teacher. He frequently used stories to teach people how to think. One story Plato used to teach about the ① effectiveness of democracy was about a ship in the middle of the ocean. On this ship was a captain who was rather 2 farsighted and slightly deaf. He and his crew followed the principles of majority rule on decisions about navigational direction. They had a very 3 amateur navigator who knew how to read the stars on voyages, but the navigator was not very popular and was rather In the panic of being lost, the 4 extroverted. captain and crew made a decision by voting to follow the most charismatic and persuasive of the crew members. They ignored and ⑤ ridiculed the navigator's suggestions, remained lost, and ultimately starved to death at sea.

13. Tasmania에 대한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? ¹³⁾<올림포스독해1, 7강>

Human habitation of Tasmania dates back 35.000 years, when Aborigines first reached the area. this time it was linked to continental Australia, but water rose to form the Bass Strait at the end of the Ice Age, 12,000 years ago. Dutch explorer Abel Tasman set foot on the island in 1642 and inspired He originally called it Van its modern name. Diemen's Land, after the governor of the Dutch East Tasmania has a diverse landscape that Indies. contains glacial mountains, dense forests and rolling green hills. Its wilderness is one of only three large temperate forests remaining in the southern hemisphere. It is also home to many plants and animals which are unique to the island. One-third of Tasmania is protected as a World Heritage Area.

- ① 35,000년 전에 호주 원주민이 처음 발을 들여 놓았다.
- ② 호주 대륙과 연결되어 있다가 빙하기 말에 섬이되었다.
- ③ 울창한 숲과 가파른 계곡 등의 경치를 볼 수 있다.
- ④ 남반구의 몇 안 되는 대규모 온대림 중의 하나가 있다.
- ⑤ 섬의 1/3이 세계 유산지역으로 보존되고 있다.

14. 다음 글에서 언급된 중세 유럽의 상황과 일치하지 않는 것은? ¹⁴⁾<올림포스독해1, 14강>

In the early Middle Ages, Europe had a relatively small population. However, the population increased dramatically in the High Middle Ages, from 38 million to 74 million people. What caused this huge increase in population? It was mostly caused by the dramatic expansion in food production after 1000. The invasions of the early Middle Ages from outside had stopped and the peace and stability led to the increase of food production. In addition, more land was cultivated as peasants of the eleventh and twelfth centuries cut down trees and drained swamps. By 1200, Europeans had more land for farming than they do today. Changes in technology also aided the development of farming. The High Middle Ages witnessed an explosion of labor-saving devices, which used the power of water and wind to do jobs once done by people or animals.

- ① 외세 침략이 멈춰 안정적인 상태가 이루어졌다.
- ② 1200년경 유럽인들은 오늘날 그들이 소유하고 있는 것보다 더 많은 농지를 갖고 있었다.
- ③ 농부들이 나무들을 베어내고 습지의 물을 빼내 농

토를 만들었다.

- ④ 기술에 의존하지 않고 순수한 인간의 노동력만을 이용했다.
- ⑤ 물과 바람의 힘을 사용하는 노동절약 장치들을 이용했다.

15. 다음 빈칸 (A)(B)(C)에서 글의 문맥상 적절한 표현 으로 연결된 것은? ¹⁵⁾<올림포스독해1, 14강>

The gnu is a heavy animal that lives in southern Africa. Weighing 300 to 475 pounds, the gnu is equipped with high, large shoulders and a thick neck. (A)Attaining/ Attacking a shoulder height of 3-4 feet, it stands higher at the shoulder than at the rump. Its big head has long horns that curve upward. Stiff hairs grow on the gnu's forehead, neck, and shoulders, as well as on its long tail. The southern African form, the white-tailed gnu has a black mane and flowing white tail. Now (B)distinct/ extinct in the wild, the while-tailed gnu is preserved in a number of national parks and reserves. The brindled gnu is reasonably (C)abundant/ aloud over much of central and southeastern Africa. It ranges from northern South Africa to Kenya. The brindled gnu has yellowish-brown or gray hair with dark stripes on its shoulders and neck.

(A)	(B)	(C)
① Attaining	distinct	abundant
② Attaining	extinct	abundant
3 Attaining	extinct	aloud
4 Attacking	distinct	abundant
⑤ Attacking	extinct	aloud

16. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? ¹⁶⁾ <올림포스독해1>

There are approximately 6,000 languages in the world which are spoken by 7 billion people in 189 countries. Among these languages, there are 225 indigenous languages in Europe alone, which is roughly 3% of the world's total. There are even more indigenous languages spoken in Asia and Africa, which puts these countries ahead of the world when it comes to the number of languages spoken. On an individual level, many people speak more than one language. In fact, half of the world's population (i.e. 3.5 billion people) speaks more than one language. Many languages have 50,000 words or more, but individual speakers normally know and

use only a fraction of the total vocabulary – in everyday conversations people use only a few hundred words.

- ① 세계에는 약 6,000여개의 언어가 있다.
- ② 세계인구의 과반수가 오로지 1개의 언어만을 사용한다.
- ③ 유럽의 토착 언어는 세계 전체 언어의 약 3%를 차지한다.
- ④ 아시아와 아프리카에는 유럽보다 더 많은 토 착 언어가 있다.
- ⑤ 일상대화에서 사람들은 전체 어휘수의 일부에 해당되는 수백 개의 단어만을 사용한다.

17. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 어색한 것은? ¹⁷⁾<올림포스독해1>

There are some who argue that the extinction of languages is merely a symptom of the gradual evolution of our species, ①where universal communication is prized, and increasing homogeneity is just an evolutionary side-effect. Obviously there could be great benefits if everyone in the world 2 spoke the same language - some industries already reflect this, with English a must for pilots and air traffic controllers. But it's clear that there are 3 far more dangers than mere convenience. As languages are lost, whole ways of life and sets of knowledge may be lost along with them. Not only 4do complex religious and social rituals disappear, but oral histories also die through lack of telling. Information about plants, animals and environments 5 gathered through generations any never b passed on. And the richness of human invention, our unique gift of talking about what we see around us, would be much the poorer

Anger makes problems for relationships when there is too much of it, and when people are unable to control the way they express it, and become, for instance, argumentative, aggressive, or violent. It also causes problems when people cannot express their anger and try to keep it hidden. It is normal, however, to feel angry at times, and it can also have useful effects. Anger can mobilize you to take action, for example, to set limits to the demands others make of you, to think about why something matters to you or to defend yourself if attacked. It can be constructively expressed, and prompt you to explain what it is that is distressing or alarming you, and to ask for what you need. It can also cause people to face their differences and difficulties and seek solutions.

- ① Anger doesn't always cause problems.
- 2 Differences cause people to be angry.
- 3 Anger prohibit healthy social relationship.
- 4 Expressing anger is obstacles to relationships.
- ⑤ Thinking positively prevents us from being angry.

19. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 옳은 것은?¹⁹⁾ (올림포스 8강 Reading 1)

When companies use natural resources to create goods and services for consumers, they ①don't generally require to pay the environmental costs of such use of resources. For example, fishing companies 2 pay the costs of catching fish but do not pay for the depletion of fish stocks. Timber companies pay for clear-cutting forests and 3)not the resulting environmental degradation and loss of wildlife habitat. The primary goal of these companies is to maximize their profits, so they do not voluntarily pay these harmful environmental costs or even try to assess them, (4) unless required to do so by government laws or regulations. As a result, the prices of goods and services sare not included their harmful environmental costs, and consumers are generally unaware of these costs and the negative effects of the goods and services they buy on the earth's life-support system.

20. ²⁰⁾(올림포스8강 Theme Reading 3)

Postmodernism, as it is usually understood, is marked by a particular tendency. That is, there is the denial that the author's intentions can and ought to _______. Postmodern literary critics assert that even if a writer self-consciously intends to convey a teaching by means of a poem, play, or novel, he or she has no control over how readers respond to it. What inevitably happens, they say, is that readers find things in texts that relate to their particular experiences. Since everyone's experience is incommunicably unique, the text means something different to each reader. Whatever an author's "intentions" might be, he or she cannot teach because, ultimately, he or she cannot communicate.

- ① come into light clearly
- 2 govern our readings of a text
- 3 be the point to analyze a text
- 4 associate social problems to their texts
- (5) limit their unique teachings in a text

21. ²¹⁾(올림포스7강 Theme Reading 3)

We expect, as you do, that Alpha Airlines will operate flights on time. But, on occasion, the weather or other challenges can make it difficult, if not impossible, to stay on schedule. When bad weather causes a flight cancellation or a delay stretches overnight, we may be able to help cover some unexpected expenses. (A) "distressed-passenger rate" coupon, which is good for a discounted rate at an approved local hotel, may be available through customer-service agents to help you with overnight accommodations. When you have to spend a night somewhere other than where you had planned, having your bags with you can make the situation a bit more tolerable. ____ in some cases circumstances can make it impossible for us to retrieve your baggage. If our airport staff cannot get your baggage back, it will continue your scheduled destination and will be held there.

(A) (B)

① However In addition

② Similarly Therefore

③ By contrast In conclusion

④ Nevertheless On the contrary

⑤ For example However

22. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어가 말로 가장 적절한 것은?²²⁾ (올림포스12강 Reading 1)

For centuries, people have enjoyed the benefits of herbal teas. Nothing warms the body and soul like holding a fragrant steaming cup of herbal tea, inhaling its subtle scents as you slowly sip. So, we don't have to limit ourselves to caffeinated beverages like coffee, ignoring the world of herbs where we can enjoy flavor, variety, nutrients and numerous health benefits. Drinking herbal teas also gives us an opportunity in our busy days to take a bit of time for ourselves; tasting and savoring herbal teas provides us with time for reflection and peace. As we drink herbal teas, we can use the time to nourish our nervous system because our brain receives signals from the subtle qualities of the plants.

Enjoying herbal teas contributes to emotional (A) as well as (B) health. (A) (B) comfort moral ② calmness nasal 3 tension mental 4 stability physical (5) instability overall

23. 다음 글을 읽고 (A), (B), (C)에 들어가기에 문맥상 가장 알맞은 것끼리 짝지어진 것은? [올림포스]²³⁾

Getting away from it all is getting more difficult all the time in America's national parks. Increasingly, people are running into the same (A) physical/ physical/ physical/ purban ills that they are trying to escape: traffic jams, pollution and even crime. While most people go for the blockbusters such as Yellowstone and Grand Canyon, there are parks just as magnificent with significantly fewer visitors. These (B) esser-known/ renowned parks, in many cases, lie farther from population centers or just don't yet have local

T-shirt and calendar industries. Without the car horns and camera-carrying tourists, they better (C) preserve preserve that sense of wilderness - and besides, you can grab a campsite at the last minute, instead of having to reserve a year in advance.

	(A)	(B)	(C)
1	physical	lesser-known	preserve
2	physical	renowned	persevere
3	urban	renowned	preserve
4	urban	lesser-known	persevere
(5)	urban	lesser-known	preserve

24. Alpha Airlines대한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지않는 것은? [올림포스] 24)

We expect, as you do, that Alpha Airlines will operate flights on time. But, on occasion, the weather or other challenges can make it difficult, if not impossible, to stay on schedule. When bad weather causes a flight cancellation or a delay stretches overnight, we may be able to help cover some unexpected expenses. A "distressed-passenger rate" coupon, which is good for a discounted rate at an approved local hotel, may be available through customer-service agents to help you with overnight accommodations. When you have to spend a night somewhere other than where you had planned, having your bags with you can make the situation a bit more tolerable. In some cases, however, circumstances can make it impossible for us to retrieve your baggage. If our airport staff cannot get your baggage back, it will continue on to your scheduled destination and will be held there.

- ① 상황에 따라 정각에 운항되지 못할 수 있다.
- ② 하룻밤 숙박을 도와주는 전용직원이 준비되어 있다.
- ③ 지정된 호텔의 숙박비에 대해서 할인을 제공해준다.
- ④ 회수되지 않은 짐은 목적지까지 안전하게 운송해준 다.
- ⑤ 할인쿠폰을 소유한 승객은 언제든지 자신의 짐을 가 지고 내리도록 허용해준다.

25. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [올림 포스]²⁵⁾

Anger makes problems for relationships when there is too much of it, and when people are unable to control the way they express it, and become, for instance, argumentative, aggressive, or violent. It also

causes problems when people cannot express their anger and try to keep it hidden. It is normal, however, to feel angry at times, and it can also have useful effects. Anger can __, for example, to set limits to the demands others make of you, to think about why something matters to you or to defend yourself if attacked. It can be constructively expressed, and prompt you to explain what it is that is distressing or alarming you, and to ask for what you need. It can also cause people to face their differences and difficulties and seek solutions.

- 1 stimulate you to take action
- 2 prompt you to increase your stress level
- 3 mobilize you to repeat mistakes you've made
- 4 cause you to underestimate your goal
- ⑤ get you to destroy a relationship between you and others

26. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 문맥상 어휘의 쓰임이 어색한 것은⁽²⁶⁾ [올림포스]

When Johann, a curious otter at the Rosamond Gifford Zoo in Syracuse, New York, pushed aside a large rock in his pool, he didn't know the rock 1 fastened a drainage pipe in place. To his delight, the open drain clogged, flooding his cage and part of the lions' next door. While Johann played in his self-made lake, his trainers 2)strived to fix the problem by clearing the drain and replacing the rock - this time with added cement for extra weight. However, the much heavier rock was still a great (3) match for Johann, who immediately pushed it away from the pipe again to fill up his larger pool. Johann's curiosity is normal for otters, according to small mammal keeper Sam Worthley. But, he 4 confessed, the trainers haven't quite figured out what to do next. "He keeps us <u>⑤awake</u> all the time."

27. 다음 글을 읽고 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어가기에 가장 알 맞은 것끼리 짝지어진 것은?²⁷⁾ [올림포스]

Postmodernism, as it is usually understood, is marked by a particular tendency. That is, there is the ______(A)___ that the author's intentions can and ought to govern our readings of a text. Postmodern literary critics assert that even if a writer self-consciously intends to convey a teaching by

means of a poem, play, or novel, he or she has no control over how readers respond to it. What ____(B) _ happens, they say, is that readers find things in texts that relate to their particular experiences. Since everyone's experience is incommunicably unique, the text means something different to each reader. Whatever an author's "intentions" might be, he or she cannot teach because, ultimately, he or she cannot communicate.

	(A)	(B)
1	refusal	necessarily
2	agreement	actually
3	refusal	unnaturally
4	agreement	necessarily
(5)	approval	accidentally

28. 다음 글을 읽고 (A), (B), (C)에 들어가기에 어법상 가장 알맞은 것끼리 짝지어진 것은? [올림포스]²⁸⁾

William Shakespeare wrote 154 sonnets, many of (A) which / them are great achievements of English literature. Among them, "Sonnet 18" is the best known and most frequently quoted. In the sonnet, the speaker compares his beloved to the summer season, and argues that his beloved is better and will live on forever. Readers often assume that this sonnet is addressed to a young woman, an object of the speaker's romantic love. But (B) despite / though the sonnet is indeed a love poem, it is actually an expression of love for a male friend the same nameless young gentleman (C) whom / to whom the first 126 of Shakespeare's sonnets are addressed. Though scholars have long debated the identity of the young man and the nature of his relationship to the narrator, the matter is clouded by uncertainty. It is unclear even whether Shakespeare is narrating.

	(A)	(B)	(C)
1	which	though	whom
2	which	despite	whom
3	which	though	to whom
4	them	though	to whom
(5)	them	despite	whom

29. 다음 글을 읽고, 주어진 [조건]에 맞게 문장을 영 작하시오. ²⁹⁾[올림포스]

It was Gideon the cook who first called Teddy

Farquar "Little Yellow Head," which became the nickname for the boy. Gideon and Teddy were great friends from the start. When Gideon had finished his work, he would lift Teddy on his shoulders to the shade of a big tree, and play with him there, forming curious little toys from twigs, leaves and grass. Mrs. Farquar was fond of the old cook because of his love for her child. One day Gideon said: "Ah, Madame, the Lord above sent this one; Little Yellow Head is the best thing we have in our house." Because of that "we" Mrs. Farquar felt warmth toward him; and at the end of the month she raised his wages.

[조건]

1. 아래 <보기>에서 <u>최소 3개의 단어를 선택</u>하여 윗 글의 밑줄친 후반부 상황에서 <u>Mrs. Farquar가 요리사</u> <u>Gideon에게 할 수 있는 말</u>을 반드시 <u>한 문장</u>으로 영작 하시오. (단, <보기>에 주어진 단어 변형 가능)

<보기> surprise you increase what wages me move decide feel warm expect

2. <보기>에 주어진 이외의 단어들을(ex. 접속사 등) 추가하여 완성하시오.

30. (A),(B),(C)에서 문맥에 맞는 낮말로 가장 적절한 것 은? [올림포스독해(1) 12강] ³⁰⁾

Our awareness of nonverbal communication is vital, not only for our survival, but also for understanding the needs, feelings, emotions and thoughts of others. Research has (A)[revealed / revolved] that messages between individuals are conveyed 55 percent from the body, 38 percent from the voice, and 7 percent from the words. Considering this, it is absolutely amazing that nonverbal communication is not taught in our educational system. Every child should be given formal instruction to comprehend they already know (B)[consciously subconsciously]. Greater understanding of nonverbal communication will enhance the quality of our lives and also will give us the ability to relate to others with greater degree understanding, of (C)[symphony / sympathy] and compassion.

A B C
① revealed subconsciously sympathy

② revealed	consciously	sympathy
③ revealed	subconsciously	symphony
④ revolved	consciously	sympathy
⑤ revolved	subconsciously	symphony

❖ 다음 글을 읽고 빈칸을 완성하시오.

31. [올림포스 독해1 10강] 31)

If you've ever ended up at a greasy diner hungry at 4 in the morning, this will come as no surprise: new studies find that a sleepy brain is less equipped to you from those unhealthy Researchers gave 25 healthy men and women brain scans after five successive nights of either adequate sleep (up to 9 hours each night) or sleep deprivation (4 hours a night). The participants had their brains scanned with fMRI while they looked at photos of healthy or unhealthy foods. Researchers found that brain networks associated with reward were more active in the sleepy people - more so when they looked at pictures of junk foods like pizza and cake than when they were shown healthy foods like fruits or oatmeal. The researchers theorize that when people don't get enough sleep, to help them make it through the day.

- 1) they are eager to sleep in particular positions
- 2 their bodies may try to turn more calories
- 3 they keep complaining about everything around them
- 4 they may subconsciously look for the healthy foods
- ⑤ their bodies may naturally seek high-calorie foods

32. [서술형1] 다음 글을 읽고 어법상 어색한 부분을 고 치고, 반드시 밑줄친 부분 전체를 쓰시오. [올림포 스 독해1 11강] ³²⁾

①Leisure is a paradoxical concept because it means freedom from the demands of work but it may work for something. ②Nowhere is this point better made than in ancient Greece, which focuses on leisure as a means to the good life. The philosopher Plato, for

example, was interested in the benefits of music and gymnastics for leisure. He believed there were spiritual and physical rewards to be gained from these. ③Aristotle also conveyed ideas about the role of leisure in attaining the good life. He thought the goodness of anything was found in the realization of its uniqueness, and for human beings, ④he considered the power to think to be the most unique of human qualities. Thus, Aristotle held that a life of reflection was the proper use of leisure time. To him, life should be devoted not only to thinking noble thoughts, ⑤but to do civic and productive deeds as well.

❖ 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것만을 <보기>에서 있는 대로 고르시오.

33. (올10T2)³³⁾

Medical specialists called anesthesiologists employ gases such as nitrous oxide, or injected drugs. These anesthetics keep patients unconscious for the many hours some complex operations require. For major operations, a general anesthetic is usual. The patient is given a gas or drug that is absorbed by the blood, which then circulates it to the nervous system. As the anesthetic numbs the central nervous system, the body of the person undergoing surgery relaxes and ceases to feel. Some operations, however, require only a local anesthetic. This consists of a drug injected into the area to be operated on, to deaden the local nerves. Only that particular part of the body is affected. A third type of anesthetic is the spinal. An injection of a drug into the spinal cord completely numbs nerves and relaxes muscles in all parts of the body below the point of injection. Regardless of the types of anesthetics, there is the likelihood of a complication occurring depending on a variety of factors related to the patient's health. Thus, understanding the person's state of health prior to surgery should be carried out.

<보기>

- (a) Anesthetics are a drug that causes anesthesia by relieving pain without eliminating sensation.
- (b) A gas or drug in blood helps blood flow into the nervous system.
- (c) Types of anesthetics used in surgery are irrelevant

to the region required to be numbed.

- (d) Checking the patient's health condition needs to precede operations to minimize potential risk factors.
- ① (a), (c)
- (2) (a), (d)
- (3) (b), (c)
- (4) (b), (d)
- ⑤ (a), (b), (c)

34. (올12T2)³⁴⁾

Our awareness of nonverbal communication is vital, not only for our survival, but also for understanding the needs, feelings, emotions and thoughts of others. Research has revealed that messages between individuals are conveyed 55 percent from the body, 38 percent from the voice, and 7 percent from the words. Considering this, it is absolutely amazing that nonverbal communication is not taught in our educational system. Every child should be given formal instruction to comprehend what they already know subconsciously. Greater understanding of nonverbal communication will enhance the quality of our lives and also will give us the ability to relate to others with a greater degree of understanding, sympathy and compassion.

<보기>

- (a) Nothing but grasping nonverbal languages is required to communicate for survival.
- (b) Nonverbal signals make up a substantial portion of individual communication.
- (c) Learning nonverbal communication needs to be part of a well organized curriculum.
- (d) More understanding of nonverbal behaviors improves anything but the overall quality of life.
- ① (a), (c)
- ② (a), (d)
- (3) (b), (c)
- (4) (b), (d)
- ⑤ (a), (b), (c)

35. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?(11T1)³⁵⁾

These days, work-life balance can seem like an impossible achievement. Technology makes workers ①accessible for 24 hours. Fears of job loss ②accelerate longer working hours, even up to 65 hours per week. While not downplaying the importance of hard work and succeeding in your chosen career field, we should pay attention to the

fact that the stress from the never-ending workday is damaging. It can hurt relationships, health and overall happiness. Whenever someone 3 focuses on one aspect of their lives at the expense of other aspects, difficulties can be inevitable. An individual, (4) indifferent to his professional life career, can be remarkable at work but behind the appearance of success, he suffers from poor health and relations with his family and friends are strained. Here health and career experts share tips to help you find the balance that's right for you. Enjoying the beauty of nature can actually help to reduce stress. Hobbies are also encouraged as a way to help people reduce their stress levels. When your mind is ⑤occupied with your hobby, the difficulties of life in our fast-paced society have to take a backseat for a while. By the time you return to your life, all those problems and challenges don't seem quite so overwhelming and you find that you can handle them better.

36. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?(올12R2)³⁶⁾

Since indoor plants contribute to more ideal humidity levels and reduce dust buildup, they help reduce colds and related symptoms such as sore throat and fatigue by up to 30 percent. Tending to them has been associated with reduced blood pressure, which makes sense as gardening-type activities can be pleasurable and reduce stress. They also help clean the air in your home by filtering harmful substances and chemicals found in your home. Breathing air cleaned by them is not only better for your overall health, it may specifically help with problems such as headaches and allergies.

- 1 how to keep in shape in daily life
- 2 therapeutic properties of indoor plants
- 3 the sheer joy of growing indoor plants
- 4 maintaining ideal conditions for humidity
- (5) the effective method of raising indoor plants

❖ [9-10] 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것을 고르시오.

37. (8과, 올14R2)³⁷⁾

- ①Known for its strong and long-lasting wood, they have been used for construction throughout Europe. In building ships, no plant was more valuable than the English oak. Until the middle of the 19th century, when iron began to be used to ②build ships, thousands of oaks had been cut down every year.
- After cutting off the lac-covered branches, human workers called "breeders" heat the lac inside long muslin tubes. The melted lac <u>③flows</u> through the muslin, the workers spread it into thin sheets. Then they quickly stretch it into large rectangles before it cools and hardens.
- As the demand for raw cotton dramatically increased, more labor was needed in the cotton fields. Many people from Africa were brought to cotton farms in the American South, most of <u>4them</u> were forced to work as slaves. However, the American North needed cheap labor to work in factories. So they urged the Southern States to set the slaves <u>5free</u>.

38. 밑줄 친 provocation에 해당되지 않는 것은?(올 13T3)³⁸⁾

Emotions arise on various levels. First, the emotion is brought about by something such as a situation, or perhaps simpler such as a thought or memory. Emotions are also induced by big and small things in our daily life like the praise or a language of others. The next step is a subjective evaluation of

the emotional trigger. It is here that the individual's personality plays an important role. Their value system and level of self-confidence determine, for example, whether they feel angry and insulted in response to a provocation or dismiss it as unimportant. To take another instance, some people get irritated at getting stuck in heavy traffic but others make use of it as a time for listening to music. Purely physical reactions, such as a pounding heart and rapid breathing, can also contribute to strengthening emotions. Emotions are an innate characteristic of being human and, therefore, can be found in every person in the world.

- 1 anger
- ② language
- ③ memory
- 4 situation
- (5) heavy traffic

39. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?(올12T3)³⁹⁾

There are some who argue that the extinction of languages is merely a symptom of the gradual evolution of our species, where universal communication is prized, and increasing homogeneity is just an evolutionary side-effect. Obviously there could be great benefits if everyone in the world spoke the same language - some industries already reflect this, with English a must for pilots and air traffic controllers. But it's clear that there are far more dangers than mere convenience. (A) , as languages are lost, whole ways of life and sets of knowledge may be lost along with them. Not only do complex religious and social rituals disappear, but oral histories also die through lack of telling. Information about plants, animals and environments gathered through generations may never be passed on. (B) , the richness of human invention, our unique gift of talking about what we see around us, would be much the poorer.

(A)
 (B)
 1 For example
 2 For example
 3 However
 4 Meanwhile
 5 Meanwhile

(B)
Furthermore
Furthermore
Furthermore
Nevertheless

40. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?(14T3)⁴⁰⁾

A common sight in the southeastern part of the United States is a strange hanging plant known as Spanish moss. It grows in slender, hairlike stems. It can reach a length of twenty-five feet. Growing closely together, the hanging stems of the Spanish moss give the trees they hang from a sad and ghostly appearance. Actually Spanish moss is neither Spanish nor moss. It is an air plant, or epiphyte, since its roots are not (A)embarked / embedded in soil. Yet it is not a parasite, because it (B)derives / deprives all its own food from the air. Its soft-hair seeds are carried by wind until they settle in the rough bark of a tree. Once the plant (C)adheres / detaches to the tree, it grows quite well. Spanish moss is often mentioned as exotic background in romantic novels of the South. But it also has commercial uses. When dried it can serve as packing material.

(A)	(B)	(C)
 embarked 	derives	adheres
② embarked	deprives	detaches
3 embedded	deprives	adheres
④ embedded	derives	detaches
⑤ embedded	derives	adheres

41. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가 장 적절한 곳은?(올9T2)⁴¹⁾

Libraries, however, still need to have books along with digital versions, which eventually leads them to come up with this brilliant idea to make up for the lack of budget.

Libraries cannot afford the cost of acquiring works in two formats, a hard copy version and digital version, and maintaining dual system(analog and digital). Today many libraries are being transformed. ① Some are devoting less and less room to books, and more and more to computers and printers. ② Digital technologies allow many libraries to know more about what their patrons are reading, just as bookstores use them to track their customers' preferences. ③ Consequently, the need to spend on

digital works and services is reducing the amount of money available to spend on books. ④ Libraries are teaming up with one another to acquire books for just-in-time delivery to patrons, rather than maintaining the old system of each library having its own copy of each book on the shelf. ⑤ We are witnessing the Amazonification of libraries.

42. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? (올11R1)⁴²⁾

In one well-known study, two psychologists asked people living in the Dyckman public-housing project, in uptown Manhattan, about their closest friend in the project; almost 90 percent of the friends lived in the same building, and half lived on the same floor. In general, people chose friends of similar age and race. But if the friend lived down the hall, both age and race became a lot less important. Nearness overpowered similarity. Another study, involving students at the University of Utah, found that if you ask someone why he is friendly with someone else he'll say that it is because they share similar attitudes. You'll find out that this is an illusion, and that what friends really tend to have in common is activities. We're friends with the people we do things with, not necessarily with the people we resemble.

We don't seek out friends; we simply ___(A)__ with the people who occupy the same physical places that we do and who share ___(B)__.

(A)	(B)
① break	space
② socialize	attitudes
3 associate	experiences
④ get along	similarities
(5) get distant	activities

43. 글의 흐름상 (A)~(D)의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? (올13T2)⁴³⁾

The school of behaviorism was concerned exclusively with measurable and observable data. They excluded ideas, emotions, and the consideration of inner mental experience and activity in general.

- (A) In this view, our responses to environmental stimuli shape our actions, and mainly people learn to do things for which they are rewarded.
- (B) This focus on mental processes contrasts with behaviorism, which studied only behaviors that could be directly observed.
- (C) That's because internal states such as cognitions, emotions, and moods are too subjective.
- (D) The cognitive school, however, places central importance on human thought processes, arguing that people actively process data and transform it into new information.

Therefore, humans are not simply passive receivers of stimuli, but agents who can actively plan and make decisions based on their past experiences. People can successfully apply what they have learned in the past to completely new problematic situations.

- ① (A)-(C)-(B)-(D)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)-(D)
- ③ (B)-(D)-(C)-(A)
- 4 (C)-(D)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(A)-(D)-(B)

44. [서술형1] 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 4개를 골라 번호를 쓰고 바르게 고치시오.(올9R1, 올7R2, 올 12R1)⁴⁴⁾

- Among the discoveries NASA made when it began sending people into space was ①that the astronauts' pens didn't work well in zero gravity. The ink wouldn't flow properly. To overcome the problem, NASA gathered several teams of mechanical and chemical engineers, and spent millions of dollars to develop what became known as the "space pen." Their efforts ②paid off. It worked in zero gravity, it worked on earth, and it even worked under water a technological marvel. At that time the Soviets solved the problem, but much more ③effective. They supplied their astronauts with pencils. The NASA scientists approached the problem based only on high technology. Although many of the engineers ④

<u>participated</u> in the project probably were using pencils themselves, they failed <u>Sto see</u> that there was an inexpensive, low-tech solution readily available.

- While Johann, the curious otter in the zoo, played in his self-made lake, his trainers tried to fix the problem by <u>©clearing</u> the drain and he replaced the rock this time with added cement for extra weight. However, the <u>⑦far</u> heavier rock was still no match for Johann.
- We don't have to limit <u>8us</u> to caffeinated beverages like coffee, ignoring the world of herbs. Drinking herbal teas also <u>9gives</u> us an opportunity in our busy days to relax; tasting and savoring herbal teas provides us with time for reflection and <u>10peaceful</u>.

번호	바른 형태	번호	바른 형태

45. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?⁴⁵⁾ [올림포스1 8강-R1]

When companies use natural resources to create goods and services for consumers, they are generally not required to pay the environmental costs of such use of resources. For example, fishing companies pay the costs of catching fish but do not pay for the depletion of fish stocks. Timber companies pay for clear-cutting forests but not for the resulting environmental degradation and loss of wildlife habitat. The primary goal of these companies is to maximize their profits, so they do not voluntarily pay these harmful environmental costs or even try to assess them, unless required to do so by government laws or regulations. As a result, the prices of goods and services do not include their harmful environmental costs, and consumers are generally unaware of these costs and the negative effects of the goods and services they buy on the earth's life support system.

1) the process of environmental degradation

- 2 reasons we need to protect wildlife habitat
- 3 types of companies using natural resources
- 4 the role of the government while negotiating
- ⑤ necessity of companies paying the environmental costs

46. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?⁴⁶⁾ [올림포스1 7강-T3]

We expect, as you do, 1 that Alpha Airlines will operate flights on time. But, on occasion, the weather or other challenges can make ② them difficult, if not impossible, to stay on schedule. When bad weather causes a flight cancellation or a delay stretches overnight, we may be able to help cover some unexpected expenses. "distressed-passenger rate" coupon, (3) which is good for a discounted rate at an approved local hotel, may be available through customer-service agents to help you with overnight accommodations. When you have to spend a night somewhere other than where you 4) had planned, having your bags with you can make the situation a bit more tolerable. In some cases, however, circumstances can make it impossible for us (5) to retrieve your baggage. If our airport staff cannot get your baggage back, it will continue your scheduled destination and will be held there.

❖ [11-12] 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

47. ⁴⁷⁾[올림포스1 9강-T3]

Using technologies in the classroom has been encouraged for a long time. In every field, however, there are aspects of the curriculum that should be taught without screens or Net connections. In the field of law, for instance, the computer has no place in a classroom where a wonderful teacher is firing questions at a first-year student, quizzing him about a legal case. Many surveys indicate that students have a preference for a moderate use of technology in the classroom. The way that students learn to think critically, much of the time, is through old-fashioned dialogue. Through the dialogue, people exchange views and look in depth at a topic, questioning and exploring issues in a face-to-face manner. Our teaching, in such cases, should not

necessarily be mediated by __

- 1 inquiring minds
- ② various surveys
- 3 traditional methods
- (4) useful equipment
- ⑤ new technologies

48. ⁴⁸⁾[올림포스1 11강-T1]

Much has been written about the importance of maintaining balance in our lives. While downplaying the importance of hard work succeeding in your chosen career field, the old proverb about all work and no play is one we should all pay attention to. Whenever someone places more emphasis on one aspect of their lives at the expense of other aspects, difficulties can arise. An individual, dedicated to his professional life career, can be remarkable at work due to his single-mindedness at achieving career objectives. But behind the appearance of success, he suffers from poor health, relations with his spouse and children are strained and he really has no friends to speak of outside of work. That's why we should have a hobby. Hobbies can be helpful in through our lives.

- $\ensuremath{\text{\textcircled{1}}}$ focusing on one thing
- 2 restoring the balance
- 3 preventing distractions
- (4) offering a good insight
- 5 multitasking situations

49. 다음 글의 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A) 와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?⁴⁹⁾ [올림포 스1 12강-R2]

There are some who argue that the extinction of languages is merely a symptom of the gradual evolution of our species, where universal communication is prized, and increasing homogeneity is just an evolutionary side-effect. Obviously there could be great benefits if everyone in the world spoke the same language - some industries already reflect this, with English a must for pilots and air traffic controllers. But it's clear that there are far

more dangers than mere convenience. As languages are lost, whole ways of life and sets of knowledge may be lost along with them. Not only do complex religious and social rituals disappear, but oral histories also die through lack of telling. Information about plants, animals and environments gathered through generations may never be passed on. And the richness of human invention, our unique gift of talking about what we see around us, would be much the poorer.

Û

When languages become extinct, it is obvious that there are ____(A)___ for certain workers, such as pilots and air controllers, while we have no choice but to ____(B)__ in our lives.

(A) (B)

① flaws lose identity

flaws
 merits
 benefits
 weaknesses
 advantages
 lose identity
 avoid the crisis
 face cultural loss
 give up the country
 keep making choices

❖ [16-17] 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어 가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

50. ⁵⁰⁾[올림포스1 7강-R2]

However, the much heavier rock was still no match for Johann, who immediately pushed it away from the pipe again to fill up his larger pool.

When Johann, a curious otter at the Rosamond Gifford Zoo in Syracuse, New York, pushed aside a large rock in his pool, he didn't know the rock held a drainage pipe in place. (①) To his delight, the open drain clogged, flooding his cage and part of the lions' next door. ②) While Johann played in his self-made lake, his trainers tried to fix the problem by clearing the drain and replacing the rock. (③) At this time, they even added cement for extra weight. (④) Johann's curiosity is normal for otters, according to small mammal keeper Sam Worthley. (⑤) But, he confessed, the trainers haven't quite figured out what to do next. "He keeps us alert all the time."

51. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?⁵¹⁾ [올 림포스1 10강-R1]

We've all heard that breakfast is the most important meal of the day. (①) Here are healthier snack options to satisfy those who often skip breakfast. (②) Though eating breakfast is a good idea, I actually think all the meals are important. (③) It may be a bad idea to miss out on breakfast, but it's also not good for you to skip lunch or dinner. (④) People who skip meals tend to end up snacking more and eating whatever food is available, with little regard for nutrition and high in sugar and fat. (⑤) So, eat your breakfast - but also make sure you have lunch and dinner as well. If you eat good food and don't miss meals, you'll feel better for it.

❖ [18~19] 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오. [올림포 스 13]

In ancient times, the spices of Eastern lands, such as cinnamon, ginger, and cloves, were in great demand in the West. Merchants, in particular Arab traders, took spices from east to west across Asia, charging extras as they passed (a) them on. The cost of trade duties at wealthy ports such as Alexandria and Venice added to **btheir** price. By the time **c** they reached the markets of western Europe, the spices bad become very expensive. The 15th century European explorers thought they could get to spices' country by sailing west. It was to cut out the "middlemen" that @they sailed west in search of islands of the East @they came from. They discovered America instead, which opened a new chapter in trade. Eventually, in the late 1400s, explorers found a sea route around the tip of Africa that gave Europe's merchants the east-west shortcut they had long sought.

52. 위 글의 @~@중 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 <u>다</u> 른 하나는?⁵²⁾

① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (5) (e)

53. 위 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?53)

- ① 향신료 무역의 과정에서 해상로가 개척되었다.
- ② 동서양의 노력으로 인해 해상로 무역이 활발해졌다.
- ③ 향신료 무역에서 중간 상인의 역할은 매우 미비했다.
- ④ 높은 관세가 향신료 무역에 미치는 영향은 지대했다.
- ⑤ 유럽 상인들이 향신료 무역을 위해 지름길을 발견했다.

54. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?54) [올림포스 13]

Emotions arise on various levels. First, the emotion is brought about by something such as a situation, or perhaps simpler such as a thought or memory. The next step is a subjective evaluation of the emotional trigger. It is here that the individual's personality plays an important role. Their value system and level of self-confidence determine, for example, whether they feel angry and insulted in response to a provocation or dismiss it as unimportant. Purely physical reactions, such as a pounding heart and rapid breathing, can also contribute to strengthening emotions. Emotions are an innate characteristic of being human and, therefore, can be found in every person in the world.

- ① 단순한 요인들로는 쉽게 감정이 유발되지 않는다.
- ② 감정을 유발하는 요인에 대한 개개인의 평가는 다르다.
- ③ 동일한 감정 유발 요인에 대해 사람마다 동일한 반응을 나타낸다.
- ④ 단순한 신체적 반응들로 감정이 증폭되는 경우는 드물다.
- ⑤ 감정은 모든 인간이 갖고 있지만 선천적인 특성은 아니다.

55. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?⁵⁵⁾ [올 림포스 15]

I met a successful businessman who spent much of his time volunteering for an AIDS hospice. He told me a story that he uses when he visits other business people to ask them to contribute money or time to this cause. The story is about the difference between the Dead Sea and the very much alive Sea of Galilee. The Dead Sea has no outlet. Both are fed by the same source, but the Dead Sea can only receive an inward flow. The Dead Sea is prevented from Galilee is alive only because ______. For this man, the metaphor of the Sea of Galilee demonstrates his experience that for him, giving is a necessary function of thriving and feeling alive.

1) the flow of sea is one-way

- 2) what flows in cannot flow out
- 3 flowing inward exceeds flowing outward
- 4 both low in and out of Sea of Galilee are possible
- ⑤ the accumulation of salt can provide nutrients for Sea of Galilee

56. [서술형 5] 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고 자 할 때, 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 알맞은 <u>어구를</u> 본문에서 찾아 완성하시오. (단, <u>변형 없이</u> 그대로 사용할 것.)⁵⁶⁾ [올림포스 13]

The school of behaviorism focuses exclusively on what can be physically observed. In this view, external stimuli are chiefly responsible for human behavior, and mainly people learn to do things for which they are rewarded. This school of thought suggests that all behavior can be explained without the need to consider consciousness. On the other hand, the cognitive school places central importance on thought processes, arguing that people actively process data and transform it into new information. Therefore, humans are not simply passive receives of stimuli, but agents who can actively plan and make decisions based on their past experiences. People can successfully apply what they have learned in the past to completely new problematic situations.

Y
In behavioristic view, the human behavior is a set of
passive responses to(A) such as reward. Ont
he other hand, the cognitive school focuses primarily
on(B) in which people actively analyze data
and make decisions.
(A) :
(B) :

57. 다음을 읽고 Tasmania에 관한 소개문을 쓰고자 한다. 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 알맞은 말을 본문에서 찾아 쓰시오. [6.0점] ⁵⁷⁾ _ 올림포스 7강 Theme Reading 2

Human habitation of Tasmania dates back 35,000 years, when Aborigines first reached the area. At this

time it was linked to continental Australia, but water rose to form the Bass Strait at the end of the Ice Age, 12,000 years ago. Dutch explorer Abel Tasman set foot on the island in 1642 and inspired its modern name. He originally called it Van Diemen's Land, after the governor of the Dutch East Indies. Tasmania has a diverse landscape that contains glacial mountains, dense forests and rolling green hills. Its wilderness is one of only three large temperate forests remaining in the southern hemisphere. It is also home to many plants and animals which are unique to the island. One-third of Tasmania is protected as a World Heritage Area.

Answer : (A) _____ [3.0점] (B) [3.0점]

as a World Heritage Area.

58. 다음 글을 읽고, 밑줄 친 부분이 의미하는 바를 60자 이내로 서술하시오.[6.0점] ⁵⁸⁾ _ 올림포스 8강 Theme Reading 3

Postmodernism, as it is usually understood, is marked by a particular tendency. That is, there is the denial that the author's intentions can and ought to govern our readings of a text. Postmodern literary critics assert that even if a writer self-consciously intends to convey a teaching by means of a poem, play, or novel, he or she has no control over how readers respond to it. What intentionally happens, they say, is that readers find things in texts that relate to their particular experiences. Since everyone's experience is imcommunicably unique, the text means something different to each reader. Whatever

an author's "intentions" might be, he or she cannot teach because, ultimately, he or she cannot communicate.

59. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3.6점] ⁵⁹⁾ _ 올림포스 7강 Theme Reading 1

Getting away from it all is getting more difficult all the time in America's national parks. Increasingly, people are running into the same urban ills that they are trying to escape: traffic jams, and pollution. (A) most people go for the blockbusters such as Yellowstone and Grand Canyon, there are parks just as magnificent with significantly fewer visitors. These lesser-know parks, in many cases, lie farther from population centers or just don't yet have local T-shirt and calendar industries. Without the car horns and camera-carrying tourists, they better preserve that sens of wilderness. you can grab a campsite at the last minute, instead of having to reserve a year in advance.

	(A)	(B)
1	While	In addition
2	When	However
3	Whereas	Therefore
4	As s result	In contrast
(5)	Therefore	Besides

60. 다음 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은? [3.6점] ⁶⁰⁾ _ 올림포스 9강 Reading 1

At that time the Soviets solved the problem as well, but much more cheaply and more effectively.

Among the many discoveries NASA made when it began sending people into space was that the astronauts' pens didn't work well in zero gravity. ① To overcome the problem, NASA gathered several teams of mechanical and chemical engineers, and spent millions of dollars to develop what became knows as the "space pen." ② The space pen was very effective, working in zero gravity, on earth, and even under water - a technological marvel. ③ They supplied their astronauts with pencils. ④ The NASA scientists approached the problem based only on

high technology. ⑤ Despite the face the many of the engineers working on the problem probably used pencils themselves, they failed to see that there was an inexpensive, low-tech solution readily available.

61. [3.6점] 61) _ 올림포스 7강 Reading 2

When Johann, a curious otter at the Rosamond Gifford Zoo in Syracuse, New York, pushed aside a large rock in his pool, he didn't know the rock held a drainage pipe in place.

- (A) At this time, he added cement to the rock for extra weight. He was sure that Johann could not remove the rock any more.
- (B) To hid delight, the open drain clogged, flooding his cage and part of the lions' next door. While Johann played in his self-made lake, his trainer tried to fix the problem by clearing the drain and replacing the rock.
- (C) However, the much heavier rock was still no match for Johann, who immediately pushed it away from the pipe again to fill up his larger pool.

❖ 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것을 고르시오.

62. [3.3점] ⁶²⁾ _ 올림포스 8강 Reading 2

Anger makes problem for relationships when there is too much of it, and when people are unable to control the way they express it, and ① become, for instance, argumentative, aggressive, or violent. It also causes problems when people cannot express their anger and try to keep it ② hide. It is normal, however, ③ to feel angry at time, and it can also have useful effects. Anger can mobilize you to take action, for example, to set limits to the demands others make of you, to think about why something

matters to you or to defend yourself it ④ attacked. It can be constructively expressed, and prompt you to explain what it is that is distressing or alarming you, and ⑤ to ask for what you need. It can also cause people to face their differences and difficulties and seek solutions.

63. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은? [3.2점] ⁶³⁾ _ 올림포스 7강 Theme Reading 3

We expect, as you do, that Alpha Airlines will operate flights on time. But, on occasion, the weather or other challenges can make it difficult, if not impossible, to study on schedule. When bad weather causes a flight cancellation or a delay stretches overnight, we may be able to help cover some unexpected expenses. A "distressed-passenger rate" coupon, which is good for a discounted rate at an approved local hotel, may be available through customer-service agents to help you with overnight accomodations. When you have to spend a night somewhere other than where you had planned, having your bags with you can make the situation a bit more tolerable.

- ① 수하물 찾는 방법을 알리려고
- ② 공항 근처 호텔을 추천하려고
- ③ 비행기 운항 취소를 공지하려고
- ④ 고객 서비스담당 직원을 구인하려고
- ⑤ 문제 발생 시 숙박비 지원 대책을 알리려고

64. Beatriz Badikian에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? [3.4점] ⁶⁴⁾ _ 올림포스 8강 Theme Reading 1

Beatriz Badikian, poet, essayist, and fiction writer, was born March 24, 1951, in Buenos Aires, Argentina. Her father, George, born in Turkey, moved to Greece at the age of five, and Badikian's mother, Georgia, was born in Greece. The poet's parents emigrated to Argentina after World War II and in 1970 to the United States, finally setting in Chicago. In a personal interview, Badikian provides insight into her parents' motivation for coming to the United States: "Like all immigrants, my parents brought me here in their search for a better life. Unfortunately, that never materialized for them." Her parents

returned to Greece in 1981. Badikian, however, remained in the Chicago area, earning her doctorate in creative writing from the University of Illinois in Chicago in 1994.

- ① 아르헨티나 출신이다.
- ② 아버지는 5살에 그리스로 이사했다.
- ③ 부모님은 1970년대에 미국으로 건너가 시카고에 정착했다.
- ④ 부모님은 미국으로 이민 후 삶의 질이 높아졌다.
- ⑤ 1994년 일리노이 대학에서 박사학위를 받았다.

65. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?(올림포스)65)

Human habitation of Tasmania dates back 35,000 years, when Aborigines first ①reached the area. At this time it was ②linked to continental Australia, but water rose to form the Bass Strait at the end of the Ice Age, 12,000 years ago. Dutch explorer Abel Tasman set foot on the island in 1642 and ③ inspired its modern name. He originally called it Van Diemen's Land, after the governor of the Dutch East Indies. Tasmania has a diverse landscape that ④ excludes glacial mountains, dense forests and rolling green hills. Its wilderness is one of only three large ⑤temperate forests remaining in the southern hemisphere.

66. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?(올림포스)66)

Getting away from it all is getting more difficult all the time in America's national parks. Increasingly, people are running into the same urban ills that they are trying to escape: traffic jams, pollution and even crime. While most people go for the blockbusters such as Yellowstone and Grand Canyon, there are parks just as magnificent with significantly fewer visitors. These lesser-known parks, in many cases, lie farther from population centers or just don't have local T-shirt and calendar industries. Without the car horns and camera-carrying tourists, they better preserve that sense of wilderness - and besides, you can grab a campsite at the last minute, instead of having to reserve a year in advance.

- ① 미국 국립공원에서 완전한 휴식이 어려워지고 있다.
- ② 도시에서 겪는 불행들을 국립공원에서도 마주치게 된다.
- ③ Yellowstone과 같이 웅장하면서도 사람들이 적은 공원들이 있다.
- ④ 덜 알려진 공원들은 대다수 인구 밀집 지역에서 멀리 위치하고 있다.
- ⑤ 덜 알려진 공원들의 캠프장은 1년 전에 미리 예약을 해야 한다.

67. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?(올림포스)⁶⁷⁾

William Shakespeare wrote 154 sonnets, many of which are great ①achievements of English literature. Among them, "Sonnet 18" is the best known and most frequently quoted. In the Sonnet, the speaker 2) compares his beloved to the summer season, and argues that his beloved is better and will live on forever. Readers often assume that this sonnet is addressed to a young woman, an 3object of the speaker's romantic love. But though the sonnet is indeed a love poem, it is actually an expression of love for a male friend - the same nameless young gentleman to whom the first 126 of Shakespeare's sonnets are addressed. Though scholars have long debated the 4identity of the young man and the nature of his relationship to the narrator, the matter is clouded by ⑤certainty. It is unclear even whether Shakespeare is narrating.

❖ 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임 이 적절하지 않은 것을 고르시오.

68. ⁶⁸⁾[3.1점] (올림포스 영독 기본 9강 Theme reading 2)

Today many libraries are being ①changed. Some are devoting less and less room to books, and more and more to ②digital devices. In the process, many libraries are becoming more like giant bookstores with every passing year. Digital technologies allow them to know more about what their patrons are reading, just as giant bookstores use them to investigate their customers' preferences. The need to spend on digital works and services is ④ increasing the amount of money available to spend

on books. Libraries are <u>⑤cooperating</u> with one another to acquire books for just-in-time delivery to patrons, rather than maintaining the old system of each library having its own copy of each book on the shelf. We are witnessing the Amazonification of libraries.

❖ 다음 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고 르시오.

69. ⁶⁹⁾[3.3점] (올림포스 영독 기본 10강 reading 1)

We've all heard that breakfast is the most important meal of the day. While I agree that eating breakfast is a good idea, I actually think all the meals are important. It may be a bad idea to miss out on breakfast, but it's also not good for you to skip lunch or dinner. People who skip meals tend to

The easiest foods to access are often high in sugar and fat, and low in fiber, vitamins and minerals. So, eat your breakfast - but also make sure you have lunch and dinner as well. Meals don't need to be complicated or take hours to cook. However, if you eat good food and don't miss meals, you'll feel better for it.

- 1) have a huge nutritious meal at a time
- 2 eat any food around them, ignoring nutrition
- 3 snack more, with strict regard for nutrition
- 4 dine out to compensate for what they skipped
- ⑤ eat healthier food, taking nutrition into consideration.

70. [3.3점] ⁷⁰⁾ (올림포스 영독 기본 8강 reading 2)

Anger makes problems for relationships when there is too much of it, and when people are unable to control the way they express it, and become, for instance, argumentative, aggressive, or violent. It also causes problems when people cannot express their anger and try to keep it hidden. It is normal, however, to feel angry at times, and ______

______. Anger can mobilize you to take action, for example, to set limits to the demands others make of you, to think about why something matters to you or to defend yourself if attacked. It can be constructively expressed, and prompt you to explain what it is that is distressing or alarming you, and to ask for what you need. It

can also cause people to face their differences and difficulties and seek solutions.

- ① we should try to control our anger
- ② we should criticize people showing rage
- 3 it cannot have invaluable consequence
- (4) anger does not always lead to difficulties
- ⑤ it is taken for granted that people feel angry

71. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?⁷¹⁾ [3.0] (올림포스 영독 기본 9강 reading 1)

Among the many (A) [discoveries / inventions] NASA made when it began sending people into space was that the astronauts' pens didn't work well in zero The ink wouldn't flow properly. overcome the problem, NASA gathered several teams of mechanical and chemical engineers, and spent millions of dollars to develop what became known as the "space pen." The pen was very (B)[effective / ineffective]. It worked in zero gravity, it worked on earth, and it even worked under water - a technological marvel. At that time the Soviets solved the problem as well, but much more cheaply and more effectively. They supplied their astronauts with pencils. The NASA scientists approached the problem based only on high technology. [Because of / Despite] the fact that many of the engineers working on the problem probably used pencils themselves, they failed to see that there was an inexpensive, low-tech solution readily available.

72. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 틀린 것은? ⁷²⁾ [3.3점] (올림포스 영독 기본 8강 theme reading 2)

William Shakespeare wrote 154 sonnets, many of <u>①which</u> are great achievements of English literature. Among them, "Sonnet 18" is the best known and most frequently <u>②quoted</u>. In the sonnet, the speaker compares his beloved to the summer season, and <u>③argues</u> that his beloved is better and will live on forever. Readers often assume that this sonnet is addressed to a young woman, an object of the speaker's romantic love. But though the sonnet is indeed a love poem, it is actually an expression of love for a male friend - the same

nameless young gentleman <u>(4)</u>whom the first 126 of Shakespeare's sonnets are addressed. Though scholars have long debated the identity of the young man and the nature of his relationship to the narrator, the matter is clouded by uncertainty. It is unclear even (5) whether Shakespeare is narrating.

73. 다음 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기 에 가장 적절한 곳은?⁷³⁾ [3.1점] (올림포스 영독 기본 8강 theme reading 3)

Postmodernism, as it is usually understood, is marked by a particular tendency. (①) It means that there is the denial that the author's intentions can and ought to govern our readings of a text. (②) Postmodern literary critics assert that even if a writer self-consciously intends to convey a teaching by means of a poem, play, or novel, he or she has no control over how readers respond to it. (③) That is, everyone's experience is very unique. So the text means something different to each reader.(④) Whatever an author's "intentions" might be, he or she cannot teach because, ultimately, he or she cannot communicate.(⑤)

They say that readers find things in texts that relate to their particular experiences

❖ 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계없는 문장을 고르 시오.

74. ⁷⁴⁾[3.1점] (올림포스 영독 기본 10강 theme reading 3)

If you've ever ended up at a greasy diner hungry at 4 in the morning, this will come as no surprise: new studies find that a sleepy brain is less equipped to defend you from those unhealthy cravings. ① Researchers gave 25 healthy men and women brain scans after five successive nights of either adequate sleep (up to 9 hours each night) or sleep deprivation (4 hours a night). ② Those who had slept the longest had the fastest reaction times, scoring even higher than before they didn't have enough sleep. ③ They had their brains scanned with fMRI while they looked at photos of healthy or unhealthy foods. ④ Researchers found that brain

networks associated with reward were more active in the sleepy people - more so when they looked at pictures of junk foods like pizza and cake than when they were shown healthy foods like fruits or oatmeal. ⑤ The researchers theorize that when people don't get enough sleep, their bodies may naturally seek high-calorie foods to help them recharge their tired bodies

*fMRI: 기능성 자기공명영상(= functional Magnetic Resonance Imaging)

❖ [14~15] 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르 시오.

75. ⁷⁵⁾[3.0점] (올림포스 영독 기본 9강 reading 2)

Imagine you are asleep, and you are in charge of your baby sleeping in the next room. Cars honk outside, a dog barks nearby, the guy next door comes home late and slams his car door, and the grandfather clock downstairs rings every half an hour. Yet none of that rouses you from sleep. But when that baby in the next room starts to cry, you're up and out of that bed in a flash. Your unconscious brain heard all those other sounds perfectly, but only the sound of the baby managed to get through to your conscious awareness and wake you up. This human ability is the most intelligent and sophisticated alarm system in the universe.

- ① Parents should form the external environment for the baby.
- ② Human beings have more incredible talents than we expected
- ③ Our unconscious brain can analyze all the sound immediately
- We have to realize how influential all noises are during sleeping
- S A human being has ability to respond to a specific sound selectively

76. ⁷⁶⁾[3.3점] (올림포스 영독 기본 10강 reading 2)

You're standing in the supermarket aisle looking at two similar products, trying to decide which to

choose. You want to make the healthier choice but you're in a hurry. If you're buying ready meals, check to see if there's a nutrition label on the front of the pack, and then see how your choices stack up when it comes to the number of calories and the amount of fat, saturated fat, sugars and salt. If the nutrition labels use traffic light colors, you will often find a mixture of red, amber and green. So, when you're choosing between similar products, try to go for more greens and ambers, and fewer reds, if you want to make the healthier choic

- ① Homemade foods are always better than readymade meals.
- ② It is desirable to buy products with more amber colors than green
- 3 Saturated fat and high calories are the biggest threat to the diet.
- The traffic colors should be employed in the nutritional label for consumers' choice.
- (5) It is wise to choose the healthier food considering the nutritional value.

77. Yellow fever에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 <u>않</u> 는 것은?⁷⁷⁾[3.2점] (올림포스 영독 기본 10강 reading 2)

Yellow fever is an often fatal infectious disease that comes from a virus carried by certain types of mosquitoes. The first epidemic of yellow fever recognized by European doctors occurred in Central America in 1648. For centuries no one knew how the disease was spread. It was not until the Spanish-American War in 1898 that the cause was discovered. During that war many American soldiers stationed in Cuba were stricken with the disease. Doctors discovered that it comes from a particular type of mosquito. Even though the doctors had eliminated the mosquitoes in Havana, yellow fever epidemics continued to occur elsewhere. Scientists then realized that two other types of mosquitoes also carried the disease. Today two forms of yellow fever are recognized: the urban form, carried by one species of mosquito, and the jungle form, carried by another.

- ① It is spreading disease because of a virus from the harmful insect.
- ② For hundreds of years, people could not trace the infection route.
- 3 Many soldiers from United States were exposed to the disease.
- After the doctors had found out the cause, the occurrence of the disease continued.
- (§) The urban form and the jungle form are spread by the same mosquito.

78. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 <u>않는</u> 것은?⁷⁸⁾[3.2점] (올림포스 영독 기본 9강 theme reading 3)

Using technologies in the classroom has been encouraged for a long time. In every field, however, there are aspects of the curriculum that should be taught without screens or Net connections. In the field of law, for instance, the computer has no place in a classroom where a wonderful teacher is firing questions at a first-year student, quizzing him about a legal case. Many surveys indicate that students have a preference for a moderate use of technology in the classroom. The way that students learn to think critically, much of the time, is through old-fashioned dialogue. Through the dialogue, people exchange views and look in depth at a topic, questioning and exploring issues in a face-to-face Our teaching, in such cases, should not necessarily be mediated by new technologies.

- Students prefer high use of technology in the classroom.
- ② There are some fields of studies that should be instructed without Internet access.
- ③ Questioning and quizzing can be effective ways for teaching law.

- Students can learn how to think critically through discussing the given topic.
- ⑤ Teaching students with help of technologies has been supported for ages.

79, 79)

다음 글에서 마취제를 사용했을 때 몸과 신경계에 나타나는 반응에 해당하는 단어 다섯 개를 찾아 영어로 쓰시오. [5.0점 각 1.0점]

(올림포스 영독 기본 10강 theme reading 2)

Medical specialists called anesthesiologists employ gases such as nitrous oxide, or injected drugs. These anesthetics keep patients unconscious for the many hours some complex operations require. For major operations, a general anesthetic is usual. The patient is given a gas or drug that is absorbed by the blood, which then circulates it to the nervous system. As the anesthetic numbs the central nervous system, the body of the person undergoing surgery relaxes and ceases to feel. Some operations, however, require only a local anesthetic. consists of a drug injected into the area to be operated on, to deaden the local nerves. Only that particular part of the body is affected. A third type of anesthetic is the spinal. An injection of a drug into the spinal cord completely numbs nerves and relaxes muscles in all parts of the body below the point of injection.

(1)	
(2)	
(3)	
(4)	
(5)	

80. 글의 주제는? 80)(올림포스 1 12강 5번)

There are some who argue that the extinction of languages is merely a symptom of the gradual evolution of our species, where universal

communication is prized, and increasing homogeneity is just an evolutionary side-effect. Obviously there could be great benefits if everyone in the world spoke the same language - some industries alrea ₽ reflect this, with English a must for pilots and air traffic controllers. But it's clear that there are far more dangers than mere convenience. As languages are lost, whole ways of life and sets of knowledge may be lost along with them. Not only do complex religious and social rituals disappear, but oral histories also die through lack of telling. Information about plants, animals and environments gathered through generations may never be passed on. And the richness of human invention, our unique gift of talking about what we see around us, would be much the poorer.

- 1) the benefits of using a common language
- (2) the importance of universal communication
- 3 he ways languages evolve through generations
- 4 the things we lose with the extinction of a language
- ⑤ the reasons indigenous languages are in danger of extinction

❖ [4-5] 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것을 고르시오.

81. 81)(올림포스 1 7강 5번)

We expect, as you do, that Alpha Airlines will operate flights on time. But, on occasion, the weather or other challenges can make it difficult, if not impossible, to stay on schedule. When bad weather causes a flight cancellation or a delay stretches overnight, we may be able to help cover some ①unexpected expenses. "distressed-passenger rate" coupon, which is good for a 2)discounted rate at an approved local hotel, may be available through customer-service agents to help you with overnight accomodations. When you have to spend a night somewhere other than where you had planned, having your bags with you can make the situation a bit more 3 intolerable. In some cases, however, circumstances can make it impossible for us to 4 retrieve your baggage. If our airport staff cannot get your baggage back, it will continue on

to your <u>Sscheduled</u> destination and will be held there.

❖ [6-7] (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

82. 82)(올림포스1 10강 3번)

Yellow fever is an often fatal (A)[chronic / contagious] disease that comes from a virus carried by certain types of mosquitoes. The first epidemic of yellow fever recognized by European doctors occurred in Central America in 1648. For centuries no one knew how the disease was (B)[spread / lessened]. It was not until the Spanish-American War in 1898 that the cause was discovered. During that war many American soldiers stationed in Cuba were stricken with the disease. Doctors discovered that it comes from a particular type of mosquito. Even though the doctors had (C)[illuminated / eliminated] the mosquitoes in Havana, yellow fever epidemics continued to occur elsewhere. Scientists then realized that two other types of mosquitoes also carried the disease. Today two forms of yellow fever are recognized: the urban form, carried by one species of mosquito, and the jungle form, carried by another.

(A) (B) (C) ① chronic eliminated spread ② chronic lessened illuminated ③ contagious lessened eliminated (4) chronic spread illuminated (5) contagious eliminated spread

❖ [8-9] 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가 기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

83. 83)(올림포스1 8강 2번)

It is normal, however, to feel angry at times, and it can also have useful effects.

Anger makes problems for relationships when there is too much of it , and when people are unable to control the way they express it, and become, for instance, argumentative, aggressive, or violent. (①) It also causes problems when people cannot express their anger and try to keep it hidden. (②) Anger can mobilize you to take action, for example, to set limits to the demands others make of you, to think about why something matters to you or to defend yourself if attacked. (③) It can be constructively expressed, and prompt you to explain what it is that is distressing or alarming you, and to ask for what you need. (④) It can also cause people to face their differences and difficulties and seek solutions. (⑤)

84. 다음 글의 @~⑥ 중, 어법상 <u>틀린</u> 것을 있는 대로 고른 것은?⁸⁴⁾(올림포스1 10강 4번)

Medical specialists acalled anesthesiologists employ gases such as nitrous oxide, or injected These anesthetics keep patients unconsciously for the many hours some complex operations require. For major operations, a general anesthetic is usual. The patient is given a gas or drug that is absorbed by the blood, which then circulates ©them to the nervous system. As the anesthetic numbs the central nervous system, the body of the person @undergoing surgery relaxes and ceases to feel. Some operations, however, require only a local anesthetic. This consists of a drug injected into the area @to operate on, to deaden the local nerves. Only that particular part of the body is affected. A third type of anesthetic is the spinal. An injection of a drug into the spinal cord completely numbs nerves and (f)relaxing muscles in all parts of the body below the point of injection.

85. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?85)(올림포스1 11강 3번)

Much has been written about the importance of maintaining balance in our lives. While not (A)[downplaying / downplayed] the importance of hard work and succeeding in your chosen career field, the old proverb about all work and no play is

one we should all pay attention to. Whenever someone places more emphasis on one aspect of their lives at the expense of other aspects, difficulties can arise. An individual, (B)[dedicating / dedicated] to his professional life career, can be remarkable at work due to his single-mindedness at achieving career objectives. But behind the appearance of success, he suffers from poor health, relations with his spouse and children are strained and he really has no friends to speak of outside of work. That's (C)[why / because] we should have a hobby. Hobbies can be beneficial in restoring the balance and harmony that may be missing from our lives.

(A) (B) (C)

① downplaying dedicating why
② downplaying dedicated why
③ downplaying dedicating because
④ downplayed dedicated because
⑤ downplayed dedicating why

❖ [14-15] 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절 한 것을 고르시오.

86. 86)(올림포스1 8강 5번)

Postmodernism, as it is usually understood, is marked by a particular tendency. That is, there is the denial that the author's intentions can and ought to govern our readings of a text. Postmodern literary critics assert that even if a writer self-consciously intends to convey a teaching by means of a poem, play, novel, he What inevitably happens, they say, is that readers find things in texts that relate to particular experiences. Since everyone's experience is incommunicably unique, the text means something different to each reader. Whatever an author's "intentions" might be, he or she cannot teach because, ultimately, he or she cannot communicate.

- ① should reflect the readers' experience
- 2 may not imagine the readers' reaction
- 3 cannot control the readers' interpretation
- 4 ought to communicate with readers' constantly
- ⑤ must consider the readers' circumstances first of all

87. 87)(올림포스1 9강 3번)

Although teenagers are, on average, spending more and more time on the Internet every year, there is no evidence that they have simultaneously cut back on the hours they spend with traditional media like TV, music, or print. By multitasking, they simply consume more media content in the same period of time. One study showed that nearly one-third of young people either talk on the phone, use instant messaging, watch Tv, listen to music, or surf the Web while they're doing homework - and the trend growing. Multitasking (through there are a few exceptions). According to psychologists, teens learn better if they pay full attention to what they want to remember. Recently, the adverse effect of multitasking on teens' ability to learn new facts and

concepts has been supported by many brain studies.

- 1 is beneficial to productivity
- 2) is bad for our mental health
- 3 as changed the way we study
- (4) has a harmful effect on learning
- (5) may help us get tasks done more quickly

88. 글의 이어지는 순서 ?88)(올림포스1 10강 5번)

If you've ever ended up at a greasy diner hungry at 4 in the morning, this will come as no surprise: new studies find that a sleepy brain is less equipped to defend you from those unhealthy cravings

- (A) The researchers theorize that when people don't get enough sleep, their bodies may naturally seek high-calorie foods to help them make it through the day.
- (B) Researchers found that brain networks associated with reward were more active in the sleepy people more so when they looked at pictures of junk foods than when they were shown healthy foods.
- (C) Researchers gave 25 healthy men and women brain scans after five successive nights of either adequate sleep or sleep deprivation.
- (D)The participants had their brains scanned with fMRI while they looked at photos of healthy or unhealthy foods.

(1)(A)-(C)-(B)-(D) (2)(A)-(D)-(B)-(C)

③(B)-(A)-(D)-(C)

(4)(C)-(B)-(D)-(A)

⑤(C)-(D)-(B)-(A)

89. 서술형1. 밑줄 친 (A)와 (B)의 <u>them</u>이 가리키는 것을 각각 본문에서 찾아 <u>그대로</u> 쓰시오. ⁸⁹⁾(올림포스 1 9강 4번)

Today many libraries are being transformed. Some are devoting less and less room to books, and more and more to computers and printers. In the process, many libraries are becoming more like giant bookstores with every passing year. technologies help (A)them to know more about what their patrons are reading, just as giant bookstores use (B)them to track their customers' preferences. The need to spend on digital works and services is reducing the amount of money available to spend on books. Libraries are teaming up with one another to acquire books for just-in-time delivery to patrons, rather than maintaining the old system of each library having its own copy of each book on the shelf. We are witnessing the Amazonification of libraries

(A)	:	
(B)		

90. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은⁹⁰⁾[올림포스 11강3]

While not downplaying the importance of hard work and succeeding in your chosen career field, the old proverb about all work and no play is one we should all pay attention to. Whenever someone places more emphasis on one aspect of their lives at the expense of other aspects, difficulties can arise. An individual, dedicated to his professional life career, can be remarkable at work due to his single-mindedness at achieving career objectives. But behind the appearance of success, he suffers from poor health, relations with his spouse and children are strained and he really has no friends to speak of outside of work. That's why we should have a hobby. Hobbies can be beneficial in restoring the balance and harmony that may be missing from our lives.

① The Reasons for Keeping Our Good Health

- 2 Whop Works Hard to Succeed in the Center?
- 3 Having a Variety of Hobbies: Key to Success
- 4 How Can We Spend Much Time with Our Family
- § The importance of Maintaining Balance in Our Lives

91. 다음 글의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 적절한 것은⁹¹⁾[올 림포스10강4]

Medical specialists called anesthesiologists employ gases such as nitrous oxide, or injected drugs. These anesthetics the many hours some complex operations require. For major operations, a general anesthetic is usual. The patient is given a gas or drug that is absorbed by the blood, which then circulates it to the nervous system. As the anesthetic numbs the central nervous system, the body of the person undergoing surgery relaxed and ceases to feel. Some operations, however, require only a local anesthetic. This consists of a drug injected into the area to be operated on, to deaden the local nerves. Only that particular part of the body is affected. A third type of anesthetic is the spinal. An injection of a drug into the spinal cord completely numbs nerves and relaxes muscles in all parts of the body below the point of injection.

- 1 make patients senseless
- 2 cause people to feel pain
- (3) keep people unconcerned
- 4) help people to relieve anxiety
- ⑤ are used to treat medical specialists.

92. 다음 글의 빈 칸(A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 적절한 것 은⁹²⁾[올림포스11강3]

We've all heard that breakfast is the most important meal of the day. ___(A)__ I agree that eating breakfast is a good idea, I actually think all the meals are important. It may be a bad idea to miss out on breakfast, but it's also not good for you to skip lunch or dinner. People who skip meals tend to end up snacking more and eating whatever food is available, with little regard for nutrition. The easiest foods to access are often high in sugar

and fat, and low in fiber, vitamins and minerals. So, eat your breakfast — but also make sure you have lunch and dinner as well. Meals don't need to be complicated or take hours to cook. ___(B)___, if you eat good food and don't miss meals, you'll feel better for it.

(A) (I

As if On the other hand
 While For instance
 Even if Similarly

4 Because Moreover

5 Even though However

93. 다음 글의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 적절한 것은⁹³⁾[올 림포스9강3]

Although teenagers are, on average, spending more and more time on the Internet every year, there is no evidence that they have simultaneously cut back on the hours they spend with traditional media like TV, music, or print. By multitasking, they simply consume more media content in the same period of time. One study showed that nearly one-third of young people either talk on the phone, use instant messaging, watch TV, listen to music, or surf the Web while they're doing homework - and the trend is growing. However, Multitasking __ ____ (though there are a few exceptions). According to psychologists, teens learn better if they pay full attention to what they want to remember. Recently, the adverse effect of multitasking on teens' ability to learn new facts and concepts has been supported by many brain studies.

- 1 is a part of our lives
- 2 increases productivity
- (3) interferes with learning
- 4 saves your time and energy
- 5 saves money in the workplace

94. 다음 글의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 적절한 것은?⁹⁴⁾[올 림포스10강5]

If you've ever ended up at a greasy dinner hungry at 4 in the morning, this will come as no

surprise: new studies find that a sleepy brain is less equipped to defend you from those unhealthy cravings. Researchers gave 25 healthy men and women brain scans after five successive nights of either adequate sleep (up to 9 hours each night) or sleep deprivation (4 hours a night). The participants had their brains scanned with fMRI while they looked at photos of healthy or unhealthy foods. Researchers found that brain networks associated with reward were more active in the sleepy people — more so when they looked at pictures of junk foods like pizza and cake than when they were shown healthy foods like fruits or oatmeal. The researchers theorize that ______

_____, their bodies may naturally seek high-calorie foods to help them make it through the day.

- 1) when people don't get enough sleep
- 2 before people are shown healthy foods
- 3 while people look at pictures of junk food
- 4 if people have trouble in making food choice
- 5 after people have their brains scanned with fMRI

95. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?⁹⁵⁾[올림포스 9강5]

Using technologies in the classroom has been encouraged for a long time. In every field, however, there are aspects of the curriculum that should be taught without screens or connections. In the field of law, for instance, the computer has no place in a classroom where a wonderful teacher is firing questions at a first-year student, quizzing him about a legal case. Many surveys indicate that students have a preference for a moderate use of technology in the classroom. The way that students learn to think critically, much time, is of the old-fashioned dialogue. Through the dialogue, people exchange views and look in depth at a topic, questioning and exploring issues in a face-to-face manner. Our teaching, in such cases, should not necessarily be mediated by new technologies.

- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$ to encourage more use of technology in class
- $\begin{tabular}{lll} \hline @ & to & inform & teachers & of & hew & educational \\ technology & & & \\ \hline \end{tabular}$
- ③ to persuade teachers to sue new technology in class
- 4 to warn against excessive use of new technology in class

§ to introduce a recent survey on educational technology

not only to thinking noble thoughts, but to doing civic and productive deeds as well.

96. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 순서로 적절한 것은?⁹⁶⁾ [올림포스10강2]

You're standing in the supermarket aisle looking at two similar products, trying to decide which to choose. You want to make the healthier choice but you're in a hurry.

- (A) But remember that even healthier ready meals may be higher in fat and calories than the homemade equivalent. If you make the meal yourself, you can save money, too.
- (B) If the nutrition labels use traffic light colors, you will often find a mixture of red, amber and green. So, when you're choosing between similar products, try to go for more greens and ambers, and fewer reds, if you want to make the healthier choice.
- (C) If you're buying ready meals, check to see if there's a nutrition label on the front of the pack, and then see how your choices stack up when it comes to the number of calories and the amount of fat, saturated fat, sugars and salt.

① A-C-B

② B-A-C

③ B-C-A

④ C-A-B

⑤ C-B-A

97. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계없는 문장은⁹⁷⁾[올림 포스10강2]

Leisure is a paradoxical concept because it means freedom from the demands of work but it may work for something. ①Nowhere is this point better made than in ancient Greece, which focuses on leisure as a means to the good life. The philosopher Plato, for example, was interested in the benefits of music and gymnastics for leisure. 2 According to his theory, happiness depends on what people think. He believed there was spiritual and physical rewards to be gained from these. Aristotle also conveyed ideas about the role of leisure in attaining the good life. 3He thought the goodness of anything was found in the realization of its uniqueness, and for human beings, he considered the power to think to be the most unique of human qualities. 4 Thus, Aristotle held that a life of reflection was the proper use of leisure time. STo him, life should be developed

98. 다음 글, (A)~(C)에 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절 한 것은?⁹⁸⁾[올림포스10강3]

Yellow fever is an often fatal (A) inferior / infectious disease that comes from a virus carried by ceratin types of mosquitoes. The first epidemic of yellow fever recognized by European doctors occurred in Central America in 1648. For centuries no one knew how the disease was spread. It was not until the Spanish-American War in 1898 that the cause was discovered. During that war many American soldiers stationed in Cuba were stricken with the disease. Doctors discovered that it comes from a particular type of mosquito. Even though the doctors had (B) elicited / eliminated the mosquitoes in Havana, yellow fever epidemics continued to occur elsewhere. Scientists then realized that two other types of mosquitoes also carried the disease. Today two forms of vellow fever are (C) reconciled / recognized: the urban form, carried by one species of mosquito, and the jungle form, carried by another.

inferior elicited recognized
 inferior eliminated reconciled
 infectious elicited recognized
 infectious eliminated recognized
 infectious elicited reconciled

99. 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어휘의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? (올림포스I 11강 Reading2)⁹⁹⁾

Aphra Behn was the first professional woman writer in English literature. She was born near Canterbury in 1640. In 1664, she married 10han Behn, a merchant of Dutch parentage, but the marriage didn't last very long. ①Imprisonment for debt in 1666 led her to write for an income. Behn wrote a series of successful plays. Her first novel, The ! Forced Marriage was produced in 1671. Behn's novel Oroonoko (1688) was the story of " an ②enslaved African prince, now considered a ③

foundation stone in the development of the English novel. As well as plays and prose Behn wrote poetry and translated works from French and Latin. In her time she was a celebrity, **(4) uncertain** for her independence as a professional writer and her concern for equality between the sexes. Behn died on April 16th, 1689 and was **(5) buried** in Westminster Abbey.

100. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? (올림포 스 I 11강 Theme Reading1)¹⁰⁰⁾

Much has been written about the importance of maintaining balance in our lives. While downplaying the importance of hard work and succeeding in your chosen career field, the old proverb about all work and play no . Whenever someone places more emphasis on one aspect of their lives at the expense of other aspects, difficulties can arise. An individual, dedicated to his professional life career, can be remarkable at work due to his single-mindedness at achieving career objectives. But behind the appearance of success, he suffers from poor health, relations with his spouse and children are strained and he really has no friends to speak of outside of work. That's why we should have a hobby. Hobbies can be beneficial in restoring the balance and harmony that may be missing from our lives.

- ① recommendable for better and ideal lives
- 2 randomly suggested phrase
- 3 to be remembered to get an invaluable life lesson
- 4 exaggerated to arouse people's attention.
- (5) one we should all pay attention to

101. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 것을 고르시오. (올림포스I 12강 Reading2)¹⁰¹⁾

Since indoor plants ①contribute to more ideal humidity levels and reduce dust buildup, they help ②reduce colds and related symptoms such as sore throat and fatigue by up to 30 percent. Tending to them has been associated with reduced blood pressure, ③which makes sense as gardening-type activities can be pleasurable and reduce stress. ④Exposing children to plants early in life can help them strengthen their immunity and reduce the risk of developing allergies. Moreover, indoor plants increase the amount of clean air ⑤circulated in

your home. They also help clean the air in your home by filtering harmful substances and chemicals found in your home. Breathing air cleaned by them is not only better for your overall health, it may specifically help with problems such as headaches and allergies.

102. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은? (올림포스I 12강 Theme Reading1)¹⁰²⁾

There are approximately 6,000 languages in the world which are spoken by 7 billion people in 189 countries. Among these languages, there are 225 indigenous languages in Europe alone, which is roughly 3% of the world's total. There are even more indigenous languages spoken in Asia and Africa, which puts these countries ahead of the world when it comes to the number of languages spoken. On an individual level, many people speak more than one language. In fact, half of the world's population (i.e. 3.5 billion people) speaks more than one language. Many languages have 50,000 words or more, but individual speakers normally know and use only a fraction of the total vocabulary - in everyday conversations people use only a few hundred words.

- ① 세계 70억 인구가 대략 6,000개의 언어를 사용한 다.
- ② 유럽의 사용언어는 세계 전체언어의 3%에 못 미친다.
- ③ 아시아와 아프리카에는 유럽보다 더 많은 토착언어가 있다.
- ④ 세계 인구의 과반수가 한 개 이상의 언어를 사용한다.
- ⑤ 일상대화에서 사람들은 수백 개 정도의 어휘를 사용하여 대화한다.

103. 다음 중 영영풀이가 적절하지 않은 것은? (올림포스I 12강 어휘)¹⁰³⁾

- ① acquisition: the act of getting or acquiring something
- ② dialect: a form of a language that is spoken in a particular area
- 3 fluency: the ability to speak easily and roughly
- 4 noverbal: not involving or using words
- ⑤ translate: to change words from one language into another language

104. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 바르게 짝지어진 것은? (올림포스I Theme Reading 3)¹⁰⁴⁾

Leisure is a paradoxical concept because it means freedom from the demands of work but it may work for something. Nowhere is this point better made than in ancient Greece, which focuses on leisure as a means to the good life. The philosopher Plato, (A) , was interested in the benefits of music and gymnastics for leisure. He believed there were spiritual and physical rewards to be gained from these. Aristotle also conveyed ideas about the role of leisure in attaining the good life. He thought the goodness of anything was found in the realization of its uniqueness, and for human beings, he considered the power to think to be the most unique of human qualities. **(B)** , Aristotle held that a life of reflection was the proper use of leisure time. To him, life should be devoted not only to thinking noble thoughts, but to doing civic and productive deeds as well.

(A) (B)

However - For instance

② For instance - On the other hand

③ For example - Thus④ Similarly - Likewise

⑤ In addition - As a result

105. 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳 은?¹⁰⁵⁾

(올림포스I 13강 Reading 2)

[However, political struggles, corruption, and rivalries with other countries slowly weakened the empire.]

In the 1300s the Ottoman Turks established another Muslim empire. The Ottoman rulers, called sultans, took Constantinople in 1453 and made it the Ottoman capital. (1) By the 1600s the Ottoman Empire included most of Southwest Asia and stretched into parts of eastern Europe and most of North Africa. (2) Over time, ethnic minorities within the empire's borders also began to push for independence. (3) During World War I the Ottoman Empire fought on the losing side. After the war, a general named Mustafa Kemal took over the government. (4) He created the Republic of Turkey and established its capital at Ankara. (⑤) Beyond Turkey, the former Ottoman territories including Iraq, Syria, Lebanon, and Palestine became controlled by Great Britain and France. After World War II these regions gained independence.

106. 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? (올림포스I 13강 Theme Reading 2)¹⁰⁶⁾

The school of behaviorism focuses exclusively on what can be physically observed. In this view, external stimuli are chiefly responsible for human behavior, and mainly people learn to do things for which they are rewarded. On the other hand, the cognitive school places central importance on human thought processes, arguing that people actively process data and transform it into new information. Therefore, humans are not simply passive receivers of stimuli, but agents who can actively plan and _______. People can successfully apply what they have learned in the past to completely new problematic situations.

- 1) prepare for the better future
- 2 make decisions based on their past experiences
- 3 judge the others' behavior and give the tips
- (4) find the substitute for the loss
- 5 get the solutions from other people

107. 다음 중 문맥상 적절하지 않은 것은?¹⁰⁷⁾ (올림포스I 14강 Theme Reading 2)

The gnu is a heavy animal that lives in southern Africa. Weighing 300 to 475 pounds, the gnu is equipped with high, large shoulders and a thick neck. (1)Attaining a shoulder height of 3-4 feet, it stands higher at the shoulder than at the ②rump. Its big head has long horns that 3curve upward. Stiff hairs grow on the gnu's forehead, neck, and shoulders, as well as on its long tail. The southern African form, the white-tailed gnu has a black mane and flowing white tail. Now **4extorted** in the wild, the while-tailed gnu is preserved in a number of national parks and §reserves. The brindled gnu is reasonably abundant over much of central and southeastern Africa. It ranges from northern South Kenya. The brindled Africa to gnu yellowish-brown or gray hair with dark stripes on its shoulders and neck.

108. 다음 문장에서 어법상 어색한 부분을 찾아 바 르게 고치시오.¹⁰⁸⁾

(1) Fiber helps to lesson calorie intake, because people don't feel hungry as though they eat less.

(올림포스I 13강 문법)

(2) When inducing to give spoken or written witness to something they doubt, people will often feel bad about their deceit.

(올림포스I 14강 문법) _____ → ____

(3) Many years ago, psychologists performed an experiment which they put a number of people in a room, alone except for a ring toss set.

(올림포스I 12강 문법) _____ → ____

109. 주어진 어휘와 도치구문을 이용하여 영작하시 오. (올림포스I 12강 문법)¹⁰⁹⁾

나는 내 친구들이 깜짝 파티를 열 것이라는 걸 거의 몰랐다.

(my friends, little, a surprise party, know, throw)

\rightarrow

110. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 (A), (B), (C)에 알맞은 낱말로 적절한 것은?¹¹⁰[올림포스10강5]

If you've ever ended up at a greasy dinner hungry at 4 in the morning, this will come as no surprise: new studies find that a sleepy brain is less equipped to defend you from those unhealthy cravings. Researchers gave 25 healthy men and women brain scans after five (A) successful / successive nights of either adequate sleep (up to 9 hours each night) or sleep deprivation (4 hours a night). The participants had their brains scanned with fMRI while they looked at photos of healthy or unhealthy foods. Researchers found that brain networks associated with (B) compensation / shortage were more active in the sleepy people - more so when they looked at pictures of junk foods like pizza and cake than when they were shown healthy foods like fruits or oatmeal. The researchers theorize that (C) deficient / sufficient sleep affects regions of the brain involved in making food choices and may lead to unhealthy food choices.

· j	<u> </u>	
(A)	(B)	(C)
① successful	- compensation	- sufficient
② successful	- shortage	- deficient
③ successive	- compensation	- deficient
4 successive	- shortage	- deficient
⑤ successive	- compensation	- sufficient

111. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?¹¹¹)[올림포스 9강1]

Among the discoveries NASA made when it began sending people into space was that the astronauts' pens didn't work well in zero gravity. The ink wouldn't flow properly. To overcome the problem, NASa gathered several teams of mechanical and chemical engineers, and spent millions of dollars to develop what became known as the "space pen." The pen was very effective. It worked in zero gravity, it worked on earth, and it even worked under water - a technological marvel. At that time the Soviets solved the problem as well, but much more cheaply and more effectively. They supplied their astronauts with pencils. The NASA scientists approached the problem based only on high technology. Despite the fact that many of the engineers working on the problem probably used pencils themselves, they failed to see that there was an inexpensive, low-tech solution readily available.

- 1) scientists' attitude to care about the other field
- ② the methods of application of the latest technology
- ③ problem-solving through doing away with stereotypes
- 4) the importance of individual creativity over teamwork
- ⑤ international cooperation for effective space development

112. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것만을 있는 대로 고른 것은? 112)[올림포스9강5]

Using technologies in the classroom has been encouraged for a long time. In every field, however, there are aspects of the curriculum that should <u>abe</u> taught without screens or Net connections. In the field of law, for instance, the computer has no place in a classroom <u>bwhich</u> a wonderful teacher is firing questions at a first-year student, <u>cquizzed him</u> about a legal case. Many surveys indicate that students have a preference for a moderate use of technology in the classroom. The way that students learn to think <u>acritically</u>, much of the time, is through old-fashioned dialogue. Through the dialogue, people exchange views and <u>elook</u> in

<u>depth</u> at a topic, questioning and exploring issues in a face-to-face manner. Our teaching, in such cases, should not necessarily <u>fbe mediating</u> by new technologies.

① a, e

2 c, d

3 b, c, f

(4) (b), (d), (e)

(5) (a), (c), (d), (f)

113. 다음 글의 밑줄 친, (A), (B), (C)에서 문맥상 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?¹¹³[올림포스8강1]

When companies use natural resources to create goods and services for consumers, they are generally not required to pay the environmental costs of such use of resources. For example, fishing companies pay the costs of catching fish but do not pay for the (A) derivation / depletion of fish stocks. Timber companies pay for clear-cutting forests but not for the resulting environmental degradation and loss of wildlife habitat. The primary goal of these companies is to maximize their profits, so they do not voluntarily pay these harmful environmental costs or even try to (B) assess / assign them, unless required to do so by government laws or regulations. As a result, the prices of goods and services do not include their harmful environmental costs, and consumers are generally (C) <u>unconscious / conscious</u> of these costs and the negative effects of the goods and services they buy on the earth's life support system.

(A)

(B)

(C)

① derivation - assign

unconscious

② derivation

assess

conscious

3 depletion

assess

unconscious

4 depletion

assign

unconscious

⑤ depletion

assess

- conscious

114. 다음 글의 밑줄 친, 어법상 틀린 것은?¹¹⁴⁾[올림포 스7강4]

Human havitation of Tasmania dates back 35,000 years, when Aborigines first reached the area. At this time it was linked to continental Australia, but water ①risen to form the Bass Strait at the end of the Ice Age, 12,000 years ago. Dutch explorer Abel Tasman set foot on the island in 1642 and ②inspired its modern name. He originally called it Van Diemen's Land, after the governor of the Dutch East Indies. Tasmania has a diverse landscape ③that contains

glacial mountains, dense forests and rolling green hills. Its wilderness is one of only three large temperate forests <u>4 remaining in</u> the southern hemisphere. It is also home to many plants and animals <u>5 which are unique to</u> the island. One-third of Tasmania is protected as a World Heritage Area.

115. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?¹¹⁵[올림포스8강4]

But though the sonnet is indeed a love poem, it is actually an expression of love for a male friend - the same nameless young gentleman to whom the first 126 of Shakespeare's sonnets are addressed.

William Shakespeare wrote 154 sonnets, many of which are great achievements of English literature. ① Among them, "Sonnet 18" is the best known and most frequently quoted. ② In the Sonnet, the speaker compares his beloved to the summer season, and argues that his beloved is better and will live on forever. ③ Readers often assume that this sonnet is addressed to a young woman, an object of the speaker's romantic love. ④ Though scholars have long debated the identity of the young man and the nature of his relationship to the narrator, the matter is clouded by uncertainty. ⑤ It is unclear even whether Shakespeare is narrating.

116. [서술형 1] 다음 글의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말ㅇ르 [보기]의 단어를 모두 배열하여 완성하시오.(단, 단어의 변형, 중복사용, 및 주어진 단어외의 단어사용불가)¹¹⁶[올림포스7강5]

We expect, as you do, that Alpha Airlines will operate flights on time. But, on occasion, the weather or other challenges can make it difficult, if not impossible, to stay on schedule. When bad weather causes a flight cancellation or a delay stretches overnight, we may be able to help cover some unexpected expenses. A "distressed-passenger rate" coupon, which is good for a discounted rate at an approved local hotel, may be available through customer-service agents to help you with overnight accommodations. When you have to spend a night somewhere other than where you had planned,

In some cases, however, circumstances can make it impossible for us to retrieve your baggage. If our airport staff cannot get your baggage back, it will continue your scheduled destination and will be held

there.

[보기] you / your bags / having / tolerable can make / more / the situation / with

117. [서술형 4] 다음 글의 내용을 아래 표와 같이 요약할 때, 빈 칸에 적절한 표현을 쓰시오. (단, 본문에 있는 표현만 사용할 것)¹¹⁷⁾ [올림포스10강4]

Medical specialists called anesthesiologists employ gases such as nitrous oxide, or injected drugs. These anesthetics keep patients unconscious for the many hours some complex operations require. For major operations, a general anesthetic is usual. The patient is given a gas or drug that is absorbed by the blood, which then circulates it to the nervous system. As the anesthetic numbs the central nervous system, the body of the person undergoing surgery relaxed and ceases to feel. Some operations, however, require only a local anesthetic. This consists of a drug injected into the area to be operated on, to deaden the local nerves. Only that particular part of the body is affected. A third type of anesthetic is the spinal. An injection of a drug into the spinal cord completely numbs nerves and relaxes muscles in all parts of the body below the point of injection.

Types of anesthetic	Feature			
direstrictic				
a general	- a gas or drug that is absorbed by the blood, which then circulates			
_	it to the nervous system			
anesthetic	- to numb the(B) nervous			
	system			
	- a drug injected into the area to			
a(A)	be operated on, to deaden the			
	local nerves			
anesthetic	- only that _(C)_ part of the			
	body is affected			
	- to numb the nerves and relax			
a spinal	muscles in all part of the body			
anesthetic	(D) the point of injection.			

118. [서술형 5] 다음 글의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말을 [보기] 의 단어를 모두 배열하여 완성하시오. (단, 단어의 변형, 중복사용 및 주어진 단어 외의 단어 사용 불가.)¹¹⁸[올림포스8강5]

Postmodernism, as it is usually understood, is marked by a particular tendency. That is, there is the denial that the author's intentions can and ought to govern our readings of a text. Postmodernism literary critics assert that even if a writer self-consciously intends to convey a teaching by means of a poem, play, or novel, he or she has no control over how readers respond to it. What inevitably happens, they say, is that readers find things in texts that relate to their particular experiences. Since everyone's experience incommunicably unique, the text means something different to each reader. _

[보기] he or she / intentions / cannot communicate / might / he or she / cannot whatever / an author's / teach / because / be

- 1) 2 2) 4 3) 5 4) 5 5) 5 6) 3 7) 2 8) 4 9) 4 10) 1 11) ⑤ 12) (5) 13) 3 14) 4 15) 2 16) 2 17) 5 18) ① 19) ④ 20) ② 21) ⑤ 22) ④ 23) ⑤ 24) ⑤ 25) ① 26) ③ 27) ① 28) ③ 29) I was moved so I decided to increase your wages. 30) ① 31) ⑤ 32) ⑤ but to doing civic and productive deeds as 33) ⑤ 34) ② 35) ④ 36) ② 37) (3) 38) ① 39) ① 40) ⑤ 41) ④ 42) ③
- 43) (5) 44) [서술형1] 3 effectively 4 participating ® ourselves 10 peace 45) ⑤ 46) ② 47) ③ 48) ② 49) ③ 50) ④ 51) ① 52) (4) 53) ① 54) ② 55) ④ 56) (A) external stimuli (B) thought process 57) (A) island (B) diverse 58) 비록 작가들이 시, 연극, 소설의 수단으로 가르치 고자 하는 의도가 있을지라도, 그나 그녀는 독자들 이 그 작품에 반응하는 방식을 통제할 수 없다. / 작가의 "의도"가 무엇이든, 궁극적으로 그나 그녀 는 가르칠 수 없기 때문에, 그나 그녀는 소통할 수 없다.
- 60) ③
 61) ②
 62) ②
 63) ⑤
 64) ④
 65) 4
 66) 5
 67) 5
 68) ④

59) ①

- 77) (S)
- 78) ①

79)

- (1) unconsciousness
- (2) numb
- (3) relax
- (4) paralyze
- (5) deaden
- 80) ④
- 81) ③
- 82) ⑤
- 83) ②
- 84) ④
- 85) ②
- 86) ③
- 87) ④
- 88) (5)
- 89) 서술형1. (A):Libraries (B):technologies
- 90) (5)
- 91) ①
- 92) (5)
- 93) ③
- 94) ①
- 95) ①
- 96) ⑤
- 97) ② 98) ④
- 99) (4)
- 100) (5)
- 101) (5)
- 102) 2
- 103) 3
- 104) 3
- 105) ②
- 106) (2)
- 107) 4
- 108) (1) as though \rightarrow even though
- (2) inducing → induced
- (3) which \rightarrow where
- 109) Little did I know that my friends will throw a surprise party.
- 110) ③
- 111) ③
- 112) ③

- 113) ③
- 114) ①
- 115) 4
- 116) Having your bags with you can make the situation more tolerable
- 117) (A) local (B) central (C) particular (D) below
- 118) Whatever an author's "intentions" might be, he or she cannot teach because he or she cannot communicate.